

Dual Frequency Ultrasound Unit



Shown with optional 1cm Ultrasound Head



Nu-Tek® Ultra Rehab2 – UT2200

Dual Frequency Ultrasound with 5cm² Transducer

Features & Benefits:

- 1 & 3MHz ultrasound frequency
- Pulsed and continuous modes
- Variable duty cycles (16Hz, 48Hz and 100Hz)
- Ergonomically designed sound heads in 1cm², 5cm² sizes
- Contact control with both visual and audio feedback
- 20 pre-set programs & 80 custom programs provided

Screen Shot:



Optional Nu-Tek Trolley

Specifications:

Power Supply:	AC100-240V, 47-63Hz
Intensity (Max):	3 W/cm ²
Ultrasound Frequency:	1 MHz/3MHz +/- 10%
Pulse Frequency:	16Hz, 48Hz, 100Hz
Duty:	10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%
ERA:	1cm ² , 5cm ²
BNR:	< 5.0
Timer:	1 to 30 minutes
Dimensions:	285mm (L) x 197mm (W) x 153mm (H)
Weight:	2kg
Certification:	FDA clearance, EU MDD, CFDA, TGA, CMDCAS
Electrical Safety Class:	Class I, Type BF
Safety Test:	IEC 60601-1, IEC 60601-2-5, IEC 60601-2-10

Standard Accessories:

NUULTRAHEAD5	Nu-Tek Ultrasound Head 5cm
NUPOWERCORD	Nu-Tek Power Cable
ACGEL250	Ultrasound Gel - 250ml

Optional Accessories:

NUULTRAHEAD1	Nu-Tek Ultrasound Head 1cm
NUTROLLEY	Nu-Tek Trolley
NUBATTERY	Nu-Tek Battery Pack
ACGEL5L	Ultrasound Gel - 5 Litres

Code:

Description:

NUULTRASOUND Nu-Tek® Ultra Rehab2 - UT2200



Rehab – Series

USER MANUAL

CE 0197



Declaration of conformity:

Shenzhen Dongdixin Technology Co.,LTD.declares that the ComboRehab-Series, StimRehab-Series and UltraRehab-Series complies with following normative documents:

**IEC60601-1,IEC60601-1-2,IEC60601-2-10,IEC60601-2-5,ISO7010
IEC61689,ISO14971,ISO10993-1,ISO10993-5,ISO10993-10**

**Complies with MDD 93/42/EEC and Amended by
directive 2007/47/EC requirements**

1. Foreword

1.1 Intended User/Operator

This manual has been written for the users of the Rehab-Series include ComboRehab-Series, StimRehab- Series and UltraRehab-Series. It contains general information on the operation, precautionary practices, and maintenance information. In order to maximize its use, efficiency, and the life of the system, please read this manual thoroughly and become familiar with the controls, as well as the accessories before operating the system.

This device is designed to only be used by or under the supervision of persons using the medical device in the course of their work and in the framework of a professional healthcare activity, who understand the benefits and limitations of electrotherapy and ultrasound therapy.

WARNING (USA only):

U.S.A. Federal Law restricts these devices to sale by, or on the order of, a physician or licensed practitioner. This device should be used only under the continued supervision of a physician or licensed practitioner.

Specifications put forth in this manual were in effect at the time of publication. However, owing to manufacturer her policy of continual improvement, changes to these specifications may be made at any time without obligation on the part of manufacturer.

2. Product Description

The Rehab-Series is a family of products for physical therapy, the Rehab-Series offers the practitioner a wide range of treatment options. The devices share an identical control panel equipped with a full colour touch panel means treatment setup has never been easier. A few simple key presses are all you need to quickstart a treatment. The User Interface intuitively groups and displays all the options for a modality setup on the large touch screen to ensure that treatment parameters can easily be selected and adjusted. The devices are mains powered and can optionally be equipped with a battery for mains independent operation. The family comprises the products described below.

StimRehab

The StimRehab is equipped with two or four completely identical electrotherapy channels. The electrotherapy channels can be used in combination (linked) or totally independent. A comprehensive set of current waveforms is available, targeting both pain management and muscle stimulation applications.

Protocols can run on linked or independent channels. With independent channels two or four different protocols can be performed simultaneously.

UltraRehab

The UltraRehab is an ultrasound therapy device. The device provides two positions for attachment of an ultrasound applicator. Depending on the device configuration ordered, the UltraRehab comes with an applicator with a large contact area, an applicator with a small contact area or with both applicators. The applicators can operate in continuous or pulsed mode at an ultrasound frequency of 1 MHz or 3 MHz. The lower frequency (1 MHz) penetrates deeper than a higher frequency (3 MHz), thus the practitioner can decide which frequency to use according to the condition and depth to be treated. Contact control suspends the application of ultrasonic energy when acoustical contact with the treatment area becomes insufficient. The applicators are suitable for subaquatic treatments.

ComboRehab

The ComboRehab is a combination device, combining the functions of the StimRehab and the UltraRehab in a single device. With the ComboRehab the simultaneous application of ultrasound and electrotherapy (combination therapy) is also possible. The remaining electrotherapy channel can then be used independently.

VAM200

Electrotherapy can be applied through standard or vacuum electrodes. With vacuum electrodes the VAM200 generates the vacuum through which the vacuum electrodes are attached to the patient. The device is placed beneath the StimRehab or ComboRehab, from which its power is derived and through which it is also operated.

MTM200

The MTM200 is a two channel electrotherapy module intended to upgrade the StimRehab and ComboRehab to Four Channel Electrotherapy or Combination Therapy Systems. This

module is designed for use with the StimRehab or ComboRehab only.

EMG200

The EMG200 is designed for use with the StimRehab and the ComboRehab. With EMG electrodes the EMG200 generates the sEMG (Surface Electromyography) , ETS (Surface Electromyography with Triggered Stimulation) through which the EMG electrodes are attached to the patient.

BTM200

The BTM200 Battery Module is designed for use with the Rehab-Series systems to create a battery powered Therapy System. No additional Software is required for the Module as the System automatically recognizes its presence and activates all necessary software inherent in the System.

Name	Model	Mainframe	Vacuum module (VAM200)	EMG module (EMG200)	Battery module (BTM200)
ComboRehab²	CT2200 (two channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo)	Mainframe CT2200			
ComboRehab² Vac	CT2201 (two channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+vacuum module)	Mainframe CT2200	✓		
ComboRehab² Bio	CT2202 (two channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+EMG module)	Mainframe CT2200		✓	
ComboRehab² Plus	CT2203 (two channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+battery module)	Mainframe CT2200			✓

Name	Model	Mainframe	Vacuum module (VAM200)	EMG module (EMG200)	Battery module (BTM200)
ComboRehab² VB	CT2204 (two channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+vacuum module +EMG module)	Mainframe CT2200	✓	✓	
ComboRehab² Vac Plus	CT2205 (two channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+vacuum module+ battery module)	Mainframe CT2200	✓		✓
ComboRehab² Bio Plus	CT2206 (two channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+battery module + EMG module)	Mainframe CT2200		✓	✓
ComboRehab⁴	CT2400 (four channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo)	Mainframe CT2400 (CT2200 +MTM200)			
ComboRehab⁴ Vac	CT2401 (four channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+vacuum module)	Mainframe CT2400 (CT2200 +MTM200)	✓		
ComboRehab⁴ Bio	CT2402 (four channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+EMG module)	Mainframe CT2400 (CT2200 +MTM200)		✓	
ComboRehab⁴ Plus	CT2403 (four channels electrotherapy, ultrasound and combo+battery module)	Mainframe CT2400 (CT2200 +MTM200)			✓
StimRehab²	MT2000 (two channels electrotherapy)	Mainframe MT2200			

Name	Model	Mainframe	Vacuum module (VAM200)	EMG module (EMG200)	Battery module (BTM200)
Stim Rehab² Vac	MT2201 (two channels electrotherapy +vacuum module)	Mainframe MT2200	✓		
Stim Rehab² Bio	MT2202 (two channels electrotherapy +EMG module)	Mainframe MT2200		✓	
Stim Rehab² Plus	MT2203 (two channels electrotherapy +battery module)	Mainframe MT2200			✓
Stim Rehab² VB	MT2204 (two channels electrotherapy +vacuum module+EMG module)	Mainframe MT2200	✓	✓	
Stim Rehab² Vac	MT2205 (two channels electrotherapy +vacuum module+battery module)	Mainframe MT2200	✓		✓
Stim Rehab² Bio Plus	MT2206 (two channels electrotherapy +battery module+EMG module)	Mainframe MT2200		✓	✓
Stim Rehab⁴	MT2400 (four channels electrotherapy)	Mainframe MT2400 (MT2200 +MTM200)			
Stim Rehab⁴ Vac	MT2401 (four channels electrotherapy +vacuum module)	Mainframe MT2400 (MT2200 +MTM200)	✓		

Name	Model	Mainframe	Vacuum module (VAM200)	EMG module (EMG200)	Battery module (BTM200)
Stim Rehab⁴ Bio	MT2402 (four channels electrotherapy + EMG module)	Mainframe MT2400 (MT2200 +MTM200)		✓	
Stim Rehab⁴ Plus	MT2403 (four channels electrotherapy + battery module)	Mainframe MT2400 (MT2200 +MTM200)			✓
UltraRehab	UT2200 (two channels ultrasound)	Mainframe UT2200			
UltraRehab Plus	UT2201 (two channels ultrasound + battery module)	Mainframe UT2200			✓

Note:Remarks: "✓" means that the device is equipped with these module.

3. Precautionary Instructions

In this section general Warnings and Precautions are listed, that you should be aware of when using the Rehab-Series. See also chapter 4.1 for Warnings and Precautions that are application specific.

WARNING:

- Federal law (USA only) restricts this device to sale by, or on the order of, a physician or licensed practitioner. This device should be used only under the continued supervision of a physician or licensed practitioner.
- Make certain that the unit is electrically grounded by connecting only to a grounded electrical service receptacle conforming to the applicable national and local electrical codes.
- Do not operate the unit in an environment of short-wave or micro-wave diathermy.
- The device is designed for indoor use only. It is prohibited to use the device in a location where explosion or water intrusion risk are present and in dusty or humid environment. It is prohibited to use the device in spaces where flammable anaesthetics oxidizing gases (O₂, N₂O) and other flammable gases or vapors are present.
- This device should be kept out of the reach of children.
- Place the device out of direct sunlight and strong electromagnetic fields of surrounding devices (diathermy, X-rays, mobile phones and other radio-frequency equipment) to prevent unwanted interference. If unwanted interference occurs, place the device farther from the source of interference or contact the Nu-Tek authorized service.
- Before administering any treatment to a patient you should become acquainted with the operating procedures for each mode of treatment available, as well as the indications, contraindications, warnings and precautions. Consult other resources for additional information regarding the application of electrotherapy and Ultrasound.
-  No modification of this equipment is allowed! Do not try to open or remove the protective covers or disassemble the device for any reason. There is a danger of electric shock and serious injury. All service actions must be done by an authorized Nu-Tek service only; otherwise Nu-Tek bear no responsibility for further operation of the device.
- Never use the accessories connector and other connectors to plug in anything else except transducers and cables sold by the manufacturer as replacement parts for internal components. There is a serious risk of electric shock and serious damage to the device!
- This device is not designed to be used in an MRI Environment and should be removed prior to MRI exposure.

CAUTION:

- Keep yourself informed of the contraindications.
- Read the User's Manual carefully and become familiar with all its safety requirements, operating procedures and maintenance instruction prior to use of the device. It is prohibited to use the device and its accessory in any manner that is not in accordance with the User's Manual. Know the limitations and hazards associated with using any electrical stimulation device. Observe the precautionary and operational stickers placed on the unit.
- DO NOT use sharp objects such as a pencil point or ballpoint pen to operate the buttons on the control panel.
- Before each therapy check carefully the device and its accessories (cables, connectors, electrodes, ultrasound heads, controls, touch screen) for any mechanical, functional or other damage. If any faults or anomalies in the device function are found, stop using the device immediately .
- Handle the ultrasound applicator with care. Inappropriate handling of the ultrasound applicator may adversely affect its characteristics.
- Inspect the ultrasound applicator for cracks which may allow the ingress of conductive fluid before each use.
- This unit should be operated in temperatures between 10 °C and 40 °C (50 °F and 104 °F), with a Relative Humidity ranging from 30%-85% non condensing.
- Do not expose the unit to direct sunlight, heat radiated from a heat radiator, excessive amounts of dust, moisture, vibrations and mechanical shocks.
-  The device has applied parts of the BF (Body Floating) type-i.e. parts which come into direct physical contact with the patient during normal device use. This includes the electrodes for electrotherapy and applicators for ultrasound therapy.
- The device heats up during operation and therefore must not be located near devices that heat up or produce heat. The device is cooled by forced air circulation. The cooling vents are located on the rear and side panel of the device and they must not be covered. When placing the device, leave at least 10 cm of space behind the rear panel.
- It is prohibited to place any objects that produce heat or objects that contain water or other liquid on the device. If in the case of ingress of liquids, unplug the unit from the mains supply and have it checked by an authorized person (see the paragraph on maintenance).
- Before administering any treatment to a patient you should become acquainted with the operating procedures for each mode of treatment available, as well as the indications, contra-indications, warnings and precautions. Consult other resources for additional information regarding the application of electrotherapy and ultrasound therapy.

- The device is designed to only be used by or under the supervision of persons using the medical device in the course of their work and in the framework of a professional healthcare activity, who understand the benefits and limitations of electrotherapy and ultrasound therapy. I.e. “professional users”.

4. Intended Use

4.1 Intended Use Electrotherapy

4.1.1 Pain Management

Pain Management is the use of electrical stimulation for pain relief.

4.1.1.1 Indications Pain Management

Symptomatic relief and management of chronic, intractable pain. Management of pain associated with post- traumatic or postoperative conditions.

4.1.1.2 Contra-indications Pain Management

Do not use this device on patients whose pain syndromes are undiagnosed.

- Do not use this device on patients who have a cardiac pacemaker, implanted defibrillator, or other implanted metallic or electronic device, because this may cause electric shock, burns, electrical interference, or death.
- Do not use this device on patients whose pain syndromes are undiagnosed.

4.1.1.3 Warnings Pain Management

- Do not apply stimulation over the patient’s neck because this could cause severe muscle spasms resulting in closure of the airway, difficulty in breathing, or adverse effects on heart rhythm or blood pressure;
- Do not apply stimulation across the patient’s chest, because the introduction of electrical current into the chest may cause rhythm disturbances to the patient’s heart, which could be lethal;

- Do not apply stimulation over open wounds or rashes, or over swollen, red, infected, or inflamed areas or skin eruptions (e.g., phlebitis, thrombophlebitis, varicose veins);
- Do not apply stimulation over, or in proximity to, cancerous lesions;
- Do not apply stimulation in the presence of electronic monitoring equipment (e.g., cardiac monitors, ECG alarms), which may not operate properly when the electrical stimulation device is in use;
- Do not apply stimulation when the patient is in the bath or shower;
- Do not apply stimulation while the patient is sleeping;
- Do not apply stimulation while the patient is driving, operating machinery, or during any activity in which electrical stimulation can put the patient at risk of injury.
- Consult with the patient's physician before using this device, because the device may cause lethal rhythm disturbances to the heart in susceptible individuals;
- Apply stimulation only to normal, intact, clean, healthy skin.
- See also chapter 3, Precautionary Instructions, for general Warnings and Precautions.

4.1.1.4 Precautions Pain Management

- TENS is not effective for pain of central origin, including headache;
- TENS is not a substitute for pain medications and other pain management therapies;
- TENS devices have no curative value;
- TENS is a symptomatic treatment and, as such, suppresses the sensation of pain that would otherwise serve as a protective mechanism;
- Effectiveness is highly dependent upon patient selection by a practitioner qualified in the management of pain patients;
- The long-term effects of electrical stimulation are unknown;
- Since the effects of stimulation of the brain are unknown, stimulation should not be applied across the head, and electrodes should not be placed on opposite sides of
- The safety of electrical stimulation during pregnancy has not been established;
- Some patients may experience skin irritation or hypersensitivity due to the electrical stimulation or electrical conductive medium (gel);
- Patients with suspected or diagnosed heart disease should follow precautions recommended by their physicians;
- Patients with suspected or diagnosed epilepsy should follow precautions recommended by their physicians;
- Use caution when the patient has a tendency to bleed internally, such as following an injury or fracture;
- Use caution following recent surgical procedures when stimulation may disrupt the patient's healing process;

- Use caution if stimulation is applied over the menstruating or pregnant uterus;
- Use caution if stimulation is applied over areas of skin that lack normal sensation.
- Isolated cases of skin rash may occur at the site of electrode placement following long-term applications. The irritation may be reduced by use of an alternate conductive medium or an alternative electrode placement.
- See also chapter 3, Precautionary Instructions, for general Warnings and Precautions.

4.1.1.5 Adverse Effects Pain Management

Add:

- Patients may experience skin irritation and burns beneath the stimulation electrodes applied to the skin;
- Patients may experience headache and other painful sensations during or following the application of electrical stimulation near the eyes and to the head and face;
- Patients should stop using the device and should consult with their physicians if they experience adverse reactions from the device.

4.1.1.6 Current Waveforms Pain Management

For pain management the following current waveforms are recommended 4.1.3.1, 4.1.3.2, 4.1.3.3, 4.1.3.5, 4.1.3.6, 4.1.3.7, 4.1.3.9, 4.1.3.10.

4.1.2 Muscle Stimulation

4.1.2.1 Indications Muscle Stimulation

- Relaxation of muscle spasms
- Prevention or retardation of disuse atrophy
- Increasing local blood circulation
- Muscle re-education
- Immediate post-surgical stimulation of calf muscles to prevent venous thrombosis
- Maintaining or increasing range of motion
- increasing the stimulated muscle's strength
- increasing the stimulated muscle's resistance to fatigue
- Dysphagia

4.1.2.2 Contra-indications Muscle Stimulation

- Do not use this device on patients who have a cardiac pacemaker, implanted defibrillator, or other implanted metallic or electronic device, because this may cause electric shock, burns, electrical interference, or death.

4.1.2.3 Warnings Muscle Stimulation

- If you are in the care of a physician, consult with your physician before using this device;
- Do not apply stimulation over your neck because this could cause severe muscle spasms resulting in closure of your airway, difficulty in breathing, or adverse effects on heart rhythm or blood pressure;
- Do not apply stimulation across your chest because the introduction of electrical current into the chest may cause rhythm disturbances to your heart, which could be lethal;
- Do not apply stimulation over painful areas. If you have painful areas, you should consult with your physician before using this device;
- Do not apply stimulation over open wounds or rashes, or over swollen, red, infected, or inflamed areas or skin eruptions (e.g., phlebitis, thrombophlebitis, varicose veins);
- Do not apply stimulation over, or in proximity to, cancerous lesions;
- Do not apply stimulation in the presence of electronic monitoring equipment (e.g., cardiac monitors, ECG alarms), which may not operate properly when the electrical stimulation device is in use;
- Do not apply stimulation when in the bath or shower;
- Do not apply stimulation while sleeping;
- Do not apply stimulation while driving, operating machinery, or during any activity in which electrical stimulation can put you at risk of injury;
- Do not use the device on children, if it has not been evaluated for pediatric use;
- Consult with your physician before using this device, because the device may cause lethal rhythm disturbances to the heart in susceptible individuals;
- Apply stimulation only to normal, intact, clean, healthy skin.
- See also chapter 3, Precautionary Instructions, for general Warnings and Precautions.

4.1.2.4 Precautions Muscle Stimulation

- The long-term effects of electrical stimulation are unknown;

- Since the effects of stimulation of the brain are unknown, stimulation should not be applied across your head, and electrodes should not be placed on opposite sides of your head;
- The safety of electrical stimulation during pregnancy has not been established;
- You may experience skin irritation or hypersensitivity due to the electrical stimulation or electrical conductive medium (gel);
- If you have suspected or diagnosed heart disease, you should follow precautions recommended by your physician;
- If you have suspected or diagnosed epilepsy, you should follow precautions recommended by your physician.
- Use caution if you have a tendency to bleed internally, such as following an injury or fracture;
- Consult with your physician prior to using the device after a recent surgical procedure, because stimulation may disrupt the healing process;
- Use caution if stimulation is applied over the menstruating or pregnant uterus;
- Use caution if stimulation is applied over areas of skin that lack normal sensation;
- Keep this device out of the reach of children;
- Use this device only with the leads, electrodes, and accessories recommended by the manufacturer.
- Some patients may experience skin irritation or hypersensitivity due to electrical stimulation or electrical conductive medium. The irritation can usually be reduced by using an alternative conductive medium, or alternate electrode placement.
- See also chapter 3, Precautionary Instructions, for general Warnings and Precautions.

4.1.2.5 Adverse Effects Muscle Stimulation

- You may experience skin irritation and burns beneath the stimulation electrodes applied to your skin;
- You may experience headache and other painful sensations during or following the application of electrical stimulation near your eyes and to your head and face;
- You should stop using the device and should consult with your physician if you experience adverse reactions from the device.

4.1.2.6 Current Waveforms Muscle Stimulation

- For muscle stimulation the following current waveforms are recommended 4.1.3.2, 4.1.3.3, 4.1.3.4, 4.1.3.8, 4.1.3.10

These waveforms are often applied in combination with a surge program, which consists of a sequence of exercise and rest periods. Two options are available here:

- Reciprocal application, where stimulation alternates between agonists and antagonists. This is accomplished through asynchronous stimulation over two current channels with an appropriate delay between the two channels.
- Co-contract application, where two channels operate synchronously to co-contract agonist and antagonist or different sections of a larger muscle group.

4.1.3 Description Current Waveforms

Remark:

- CC — Constant current output mode.
- CV — Constant voltage output mode.
- F.M. — Frequency Modulation
- Burst— Burst Frequency
- Freq. — Frequency
- C.F — Carrier Frequency
- Duty — Duty Cycle
- Beat H. — Sweep High Beat Frequency
- Beat L . — Sweep Low Beat Frequency
- A.M. — Amplitude Modulation
- P.Dur. — Phase Duration
- Cycle— Cycle time
- Ramp— Ramp time

4.1.3.1 IF-4P: IFC(Interferential) Traditional (4 Pole)

Interferential Current is a medium frequency waveform. Current is distributed through of two channels (four electrodes). The currents cross each other in the body at the area requiring treatment. The two currents interfere with each other at this crossing point, resulting in a modulation of the intensity (the current intensity increases and decreases at a regular frequency).

Parameters:

Carrier frequency: Carrier frequency is the base frequency of the alternating current.

Beat Frequency: The frequency at which the amplitude is modulated. This is the effective therapeutic frequency.

Vector-Auto: Vector-Auto is a form of amplitude modulation and is a percentage of the interferential amplitude (intensity) and will decrease from its maximum level over 6 seconds.

Vector-Manual: Vector-Manual is a form of amplitude modulation. When Vector-Manual set to a different Angle, the output intensities of two channels are different. The rhythmical varying of the current amplitude of each channel produces the perceived movement of the interferential field by the patient.

4.1.3.2 IFC(Interferential) Premodulated (2 Pole)

Premodulated Current is a medium frequency waveform. Current comes out of one channel (two electrodes). The current intensity is modulated: it increases and decreases at a regular frequency (the Amplitude Modulation Frequency).

Parameters:

Carrier frequency: Carrier frequency is the base frequency of the alternating current.

Beat Frequency: The frequency at which the amplitude is modulated. This is the effective therapeutic frequency.

Cycle Time: refers to the time that the current is On and Off (in seconds). Example: for a Cycle Time of 10/50, the current will be flowing for 10 seconds and resting for 50 seconds.

Ramp Time: the time that the current will take to increase to the set intensity level. Ramps occur at the beginning and ending of a timed On cycle.

4.1.3.3 Biphasic (TENS)

The Asymmetrical Biphasic and the Symmetrical Biphasic waveform are often used in TENS (Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation) applications. The TENS has a short pulse duration. It is capable of strong stimulation of the nerve fibers in the skin as well as of muscle tissue. Because of its short pulse, the patient typically tolerates the current well, even at relatively high intensities. The Alternating Rectangular waveform is an interrupted biphasic current with a rectangular pulse shape. This waveform is commonly used as a pain management application.

Parameters:

Phase Duration: expressed in μs , is the elapsed time from the beginning to the end of the initial pulse phase.

Frequency: In a pulsed current the Frequency refers to the number of pulses that occur in a one second period of time and is denoted as in Hz or Pulses Per Second (pps).

Frequency Modulation: expressed in Hz, defines a variable frequency range that is summed to the Pulse frequency i.e when the Pulse frequency is set to 80 Hz and the Frequency modulation is set to 40 Hz, the final frequency will vary from 80 – 120 Hz.

Amplitude Modulation: Rhythmical fluctuation of the intensity to prevent accommodation.

Burst Frequency: expressed in Hz or bps, defines the repetition rate of bursts of pulses. A Burst (an interrupted train) is a finite series of pulses that are delivered at a specific frequency and are separated by interburst intervals.

4.1.3.4 Russian Stimulation

Russian Current is a rectangle waveform, delivered in bursts or series of pulses. This method was claimed by its author (Kots) to produce maximal muscle strengthening effects without significant discomfort to the patient.

Parameters:

Carrier Frequency: Carrier frequency is the base frequency of the alternating current.

Frequency: In a pulsed current the Frequency refers to the number of pulses that occur in a one second period of time and is denoted as in Hz or Pulses Per Second (pps).

Duty: The percentage of the total treatment time that the current is actually flowing.

Cycle Time: refers to the time that the current is On and Off (in seconds). Example: for a Cycle Time of 10/50, the current will be flowing for 10 seconds and resting for 50 seconds.

Ramp: The time that the current will take to increase to the set intensity level. Ramps occur at the beginning and ending of a timed On cycle.

4.1.3.5 High Volt

The High Volt waveform has a very brief pulse duration characterized by 2 distinct peaks delivered at high voltage. The waveform is monophasic (current flows in one direction only). The high voltage causes a decreased skin resistance making the current comfortable and easy to tolerate. The very short pulse duration followed by a very long interpulse interval eliminates the formation of any appreciable chemical or thermal effects in the tissue.

The High Volt waveform is frequently used to increase local blood circulation and relax muscles in spasm.

Frequency: In a pulsed current the Frequency refers to the number of pulses that occur in a one second period of time and is denoted as in Hz or Pulses Per Second (pps).

Polarity: This refers to the polarity (+/-) of the red lead wire; connect the lead wire to the active electrode.

Cycle Time: refers to the time that the current is On and Off (in seconds). Example: for a Cycle Time of 10/50, the current will be flowing for 10 seconds and resting for 50 seconds.

Ramp: The time that the current will take to increase to the set intensity level. Ramps occur at the beginning and ending of a timed On cycle.

4.1.3.6 Micro Current

Microcurrent is a monophasic waveform of very low intensity. The literature reports beneficial effects of this waveform in the treatment of wounds. The physiological working mechanism of this effect is as yet not clearly understood. It is thought to stimulate tissue healing by stimulating the 'current of injury', a current which naturally occurs in healing tissue.

Parameters:

Frequency: In a pulsed current the Frequency refers to the number of pulses that occur in a one second period of time and is denoted as in Hz or Pulses Per Second (pps).

Polarity: This refers to the polarity (+/-) of the red lead wire; connect the lead wire to the active electrode.

4.1.3.7 Trabert

It is a monophasic waveform with a phase duration of 2 ms and a pause of 5 ms resulting in a frequency of approximately 143 Hz.

Parameters:

Polarity: This refers to the polarity (+/-) of the red lead wire; connect the lead wire to the active electrode.

4.1.3.8 Diadynamic Currents

The Diadynamic waveforms are rectified alternating currents. The alternating current is modified (rectified) to allow the current to flow in one direction only.

MF: (Monophasé Fixe) - Frequency of 50 Hz: phase duration of 10 ms followed by a pause of 10 ms.

DF: (Diphasé Fixe) - Frequency of 100 Hz: phase duration of 10 ms followed immediately by another identical phase of 10 ms.

CP: (Modulé en Courtes Périodes) - 1 second of MF followed abruptly by 1 second of DF.

LP: (Modulé en Longues Périodes) - Rhythmical fluctuation between 2 MF currents.

CP.d: (Courtes Periodes Isodynamic) - A combination of MF and DF waveforms.

4.1.3.9 NMS

NMS is a symmetrical biphasic waveform with a 120 μ sec interphase interval (NMS Burst is a symmetrical biphasic waveform delivered in a burst format). Because the pulse is relatively short, the waveform has a low skin load, making it suitable for applications requiring high intensities, such as in muscle strengthening protocols.

Frequency: In a pulsed current the Frequency refers to the number of pulses that occur in a one second period of time and is denoted as in Hz or Pulses Per Second (pps).

Phase Duration: expressed in μ s, is the elapsed time from the beginning to the end of the initial pulse phase.

Cycle Time: refers to the time that the current is On and Off (in seconds). Example: for a Cycle Time of 10/50, the current will be flowing for 10 seconds and resting for 50 seconds.

Ramp: The time that the current will take to increase to the set intensity level. Ramps occur at the beginning and ending of a timed On cycle.

4.1.3.10 Galvanic Current

Galvanic Current is a direct current flowing in one direction only. The current can be continuous or interrupted.

Parameters:

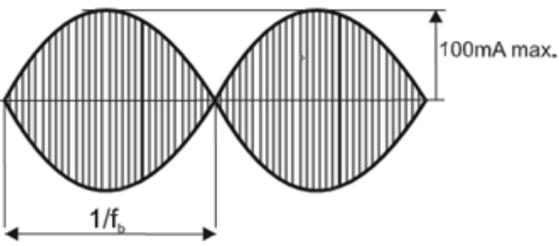
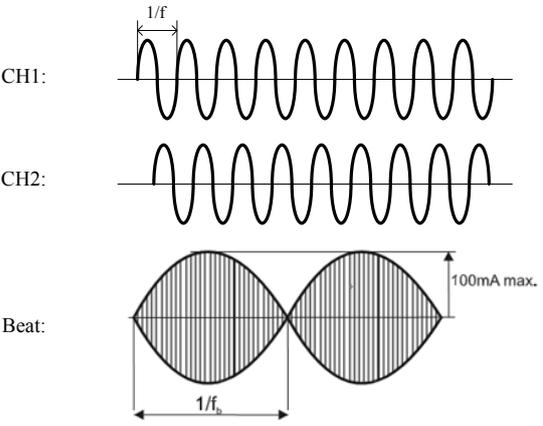
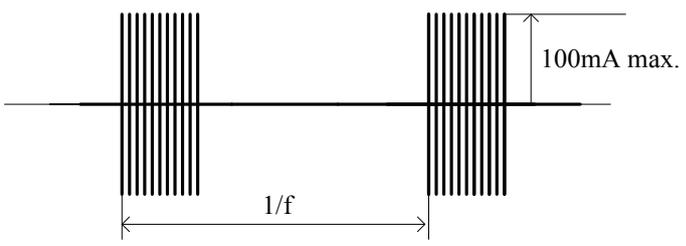
Polarity: This refers to the polarity (+/-) of the red lead wire; connect the lead wire to the active electrode.

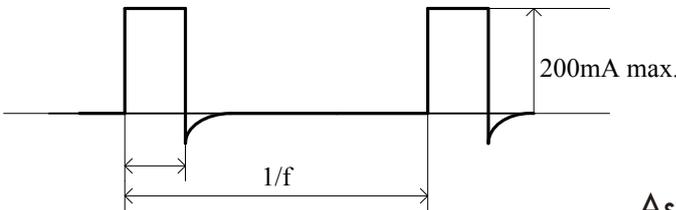
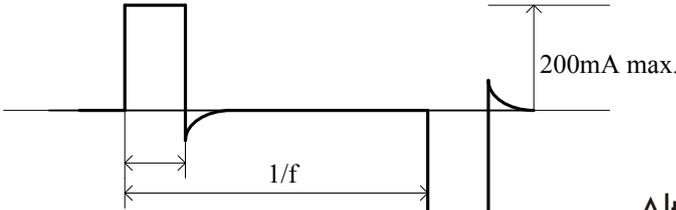
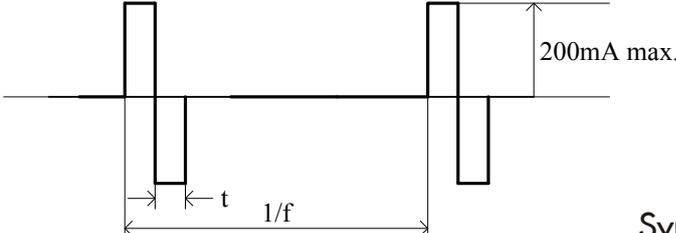
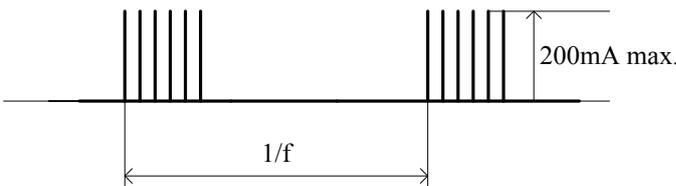
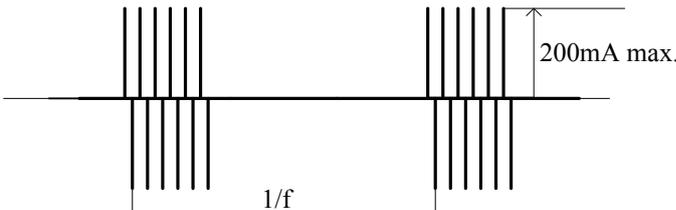
Polarity: This refers to the polarity (+/-) of the red lead wire; connect the lead wire to the active electrode.

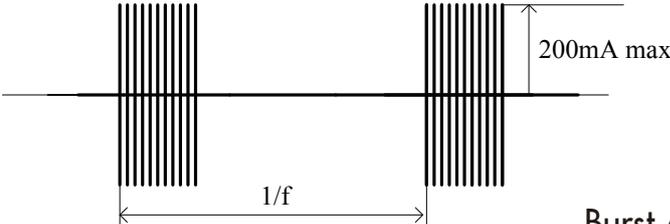
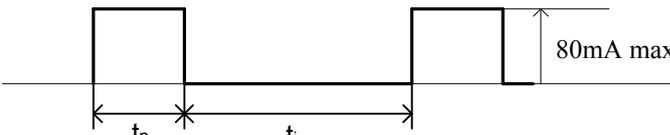
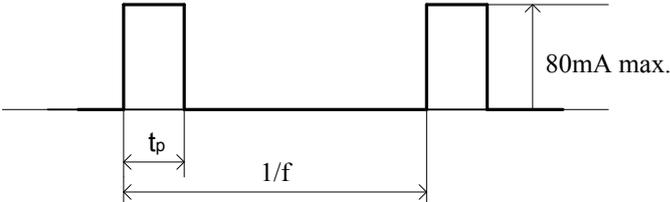
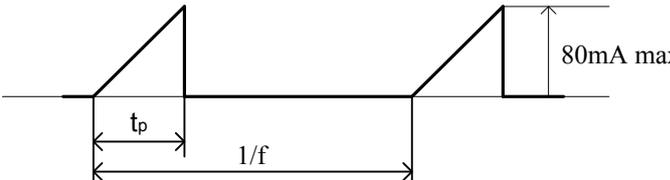
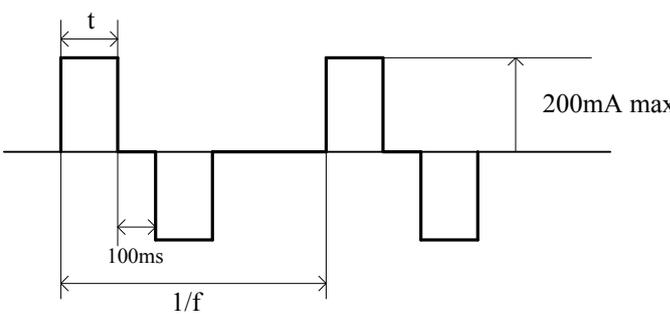
Cycle Time: refers to the time that the current is On and Off (in seconds). Example: for a Cycle Time of 10/50, the current will be flowing for 10 seconds and resting for 50 seconds.

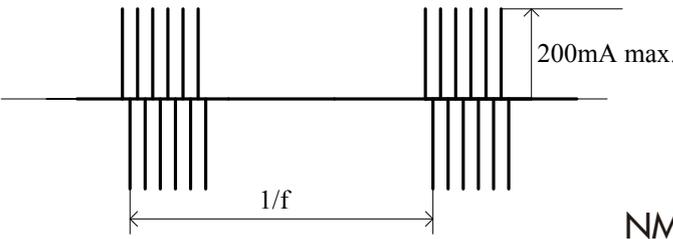
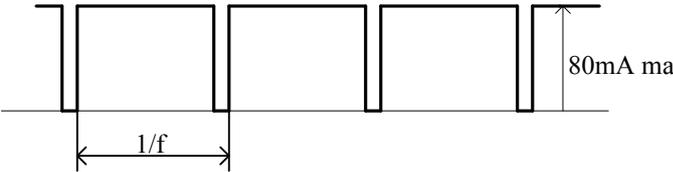
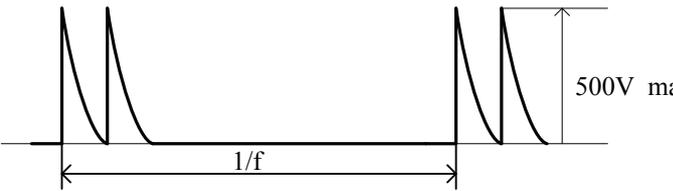
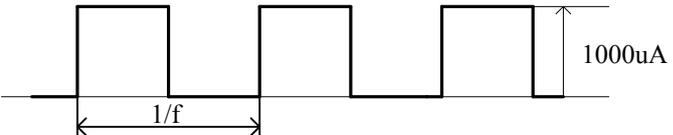
Ramp: The time that the current will take to increase to the set intensity level. Ramps occur at the beginning and ending of a timed On cycle.

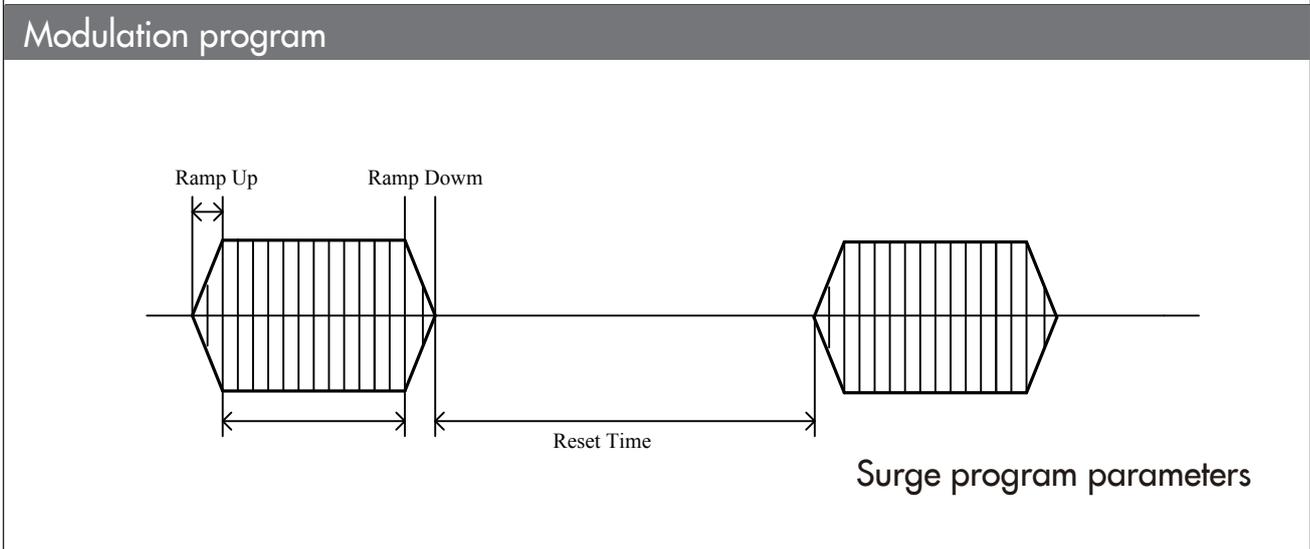
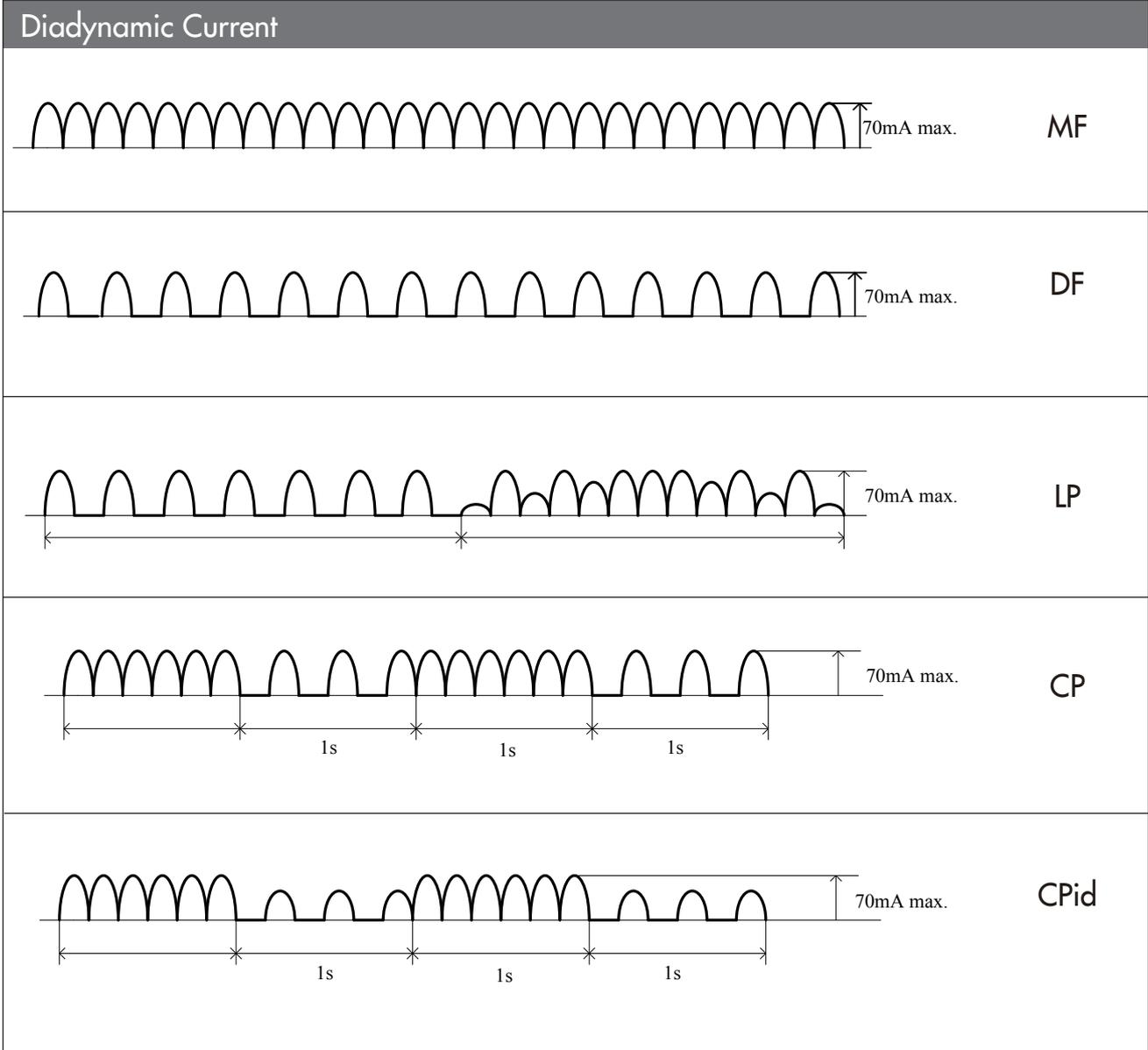
4.1.4 Illustrations Current Waveforms

 <p style="text-align: right;">Premod</p>	<p>f Carrier frequency fb Beat frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">IFC-4P</p>	<p>f Carrier frequency fb Beat frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Russian</p>	<p>f Beat frequency</p>

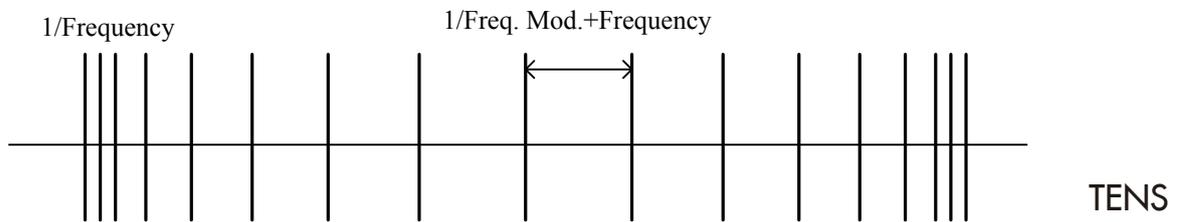
Biphasic Pulsed Current TENS	
 <p style="text-align: right;">Asymmetrical</p>	<p>t Phase duration f Pulse frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Alternating</p>	<p>t Phase duration f Pulse frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Symmetrical</p>	<p>t Phase duration f Pulse frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Burst Asymmetrical</p>	<p>f Burst frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Burst Symmetrical</p>	<p>f Burst frequency</p>

 <p style="text-align: right;">Burst Alternating</p>	<p>f Burst frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Träbert, 2 – 5 Current</p>	<p>f_p Phase duration: 2 ms</p> <p>t_i Phase interval: 5 ms</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Rectangular Pulsed current</p>	<p>t_p Phase duration</p> <p>f Pulse frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Triangular Pulsed Current</p>	<p>t_p Phase duration</p> <p>f Pulse frequency</p>
<p>NMS</p>	
 <p style="text-align: right;">NMS</p>	<p>t Phase duration</p> <p>f Pulse frequency</p>

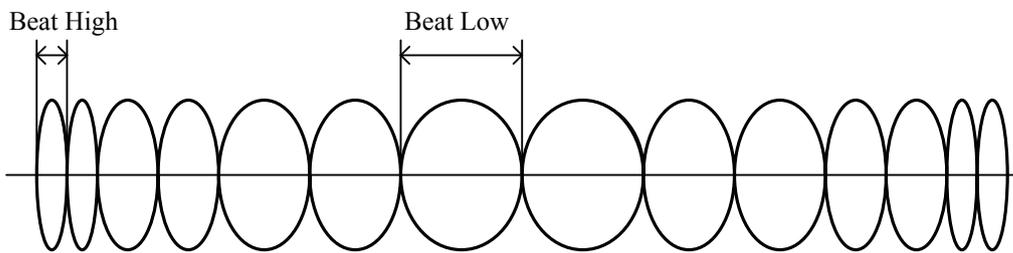
 <p style="text-align: right;">NMS Burst</p>	<p>f Burst frequency</p>
<p>Galvanic Current</p>	
 <p style="text-align: right;">Galvanic Interrupted</p>	<p>f Carrier frequency - 8 kHz fixed</p> <p>Duty cycle - 90 % fixed</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Galvanic Continuous</p>	
 <p style="text-align: right;">High Voltage</p>	<p>t Peak interval - 100 μs fixed</p> <p>f Pulse frequency</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">Micro Current</p>	<p>f Frequency</p>



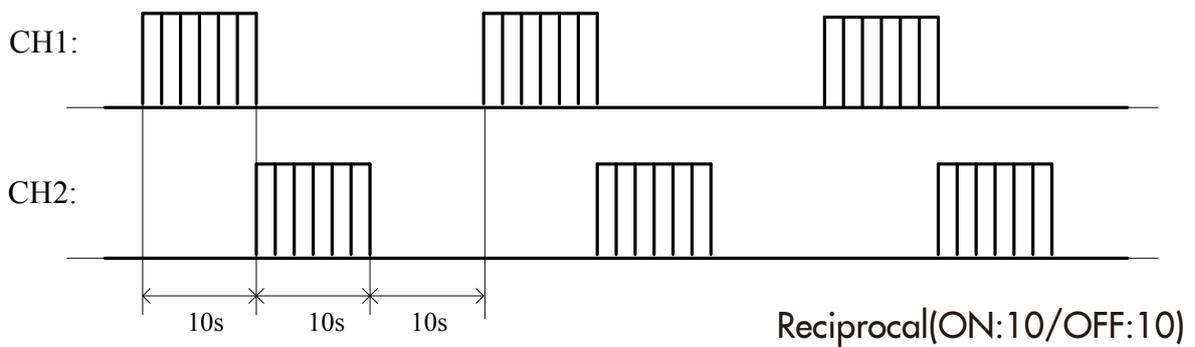
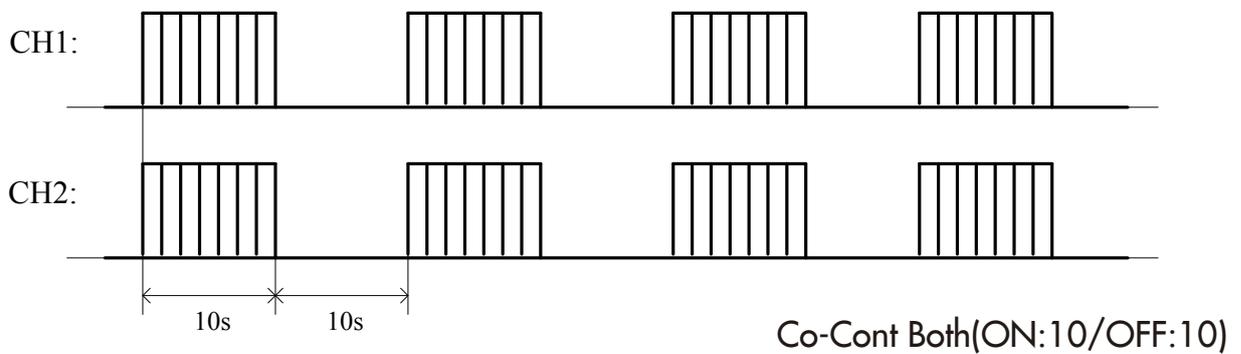
Frequency Modulation



IPC-4P/Premod



Channel Mode



4.2 Intended Use Ultrasound therapy

Ultrasound is a mechanical energy consisting of high-frequency vibrations applied by means of an ultrasound applicator. These vibrations pass through the tissue of the body and are gradually absorbed and transformed into heat. The resulting temperature increase triggers biological changes to occur in the tissue for the relief of pain, relaxation of muscle spasms and reduction of joint contractures.

4.2.1 Indications Ultrasound

Ultrasound is indicated for conditions that benefit from the application of deep heat: relief of pain, muscle spasms and joint contractures. The objective of therapeutic ultrasound in the treatment of selected medical conditions associated with the chronic and sub chronic conditions of bursitis/ capsulitis, epicondylitis, ligament sprains, tendinitis, scar tissue healing and muscle strain, is to reduce pain.

4.2.2 Contra-indications Ultrasound

- The established contra-indications to heat therapy itself.
- In an area of the body where a malignancy is known to be present.
- Over or near bone growth centers until bone growth is complete.
- Over the thoracic area if the patient is using a cardiac pacemaker.
- Over a healing fracture.
- Over ischemic tissues in individuals with vascular disease where the blood supply would be unable to follow the increase in metabolic demand and tissue necrosis might result.
- In the presence of metal implants of any type.
- Patients with sensory loss on the area to be treated.
- The gonads or to the developing fetus.
- The heart.
- The brains.
- The testicles.
- The eyes.
- Facial sinus as this exposes the eyes to the same hazards.
- Ultrasound should not be used on unconscious patients.

4.2.3 Precautions and Warnings Ultrasound

- Precaution should be taken when using therapeutic ultrasound on patients with hemorrhagic diatheses.
- Ultrasound treatment presents a potential safety hazard in patients whose pain response has been decreased because of disease, previous surgery, ionizing radiation therapy, chemotherapy, general or regional anaesthesia. It may cause burns. Do not use on insensitive areas or in the presence of poor circulation.
- Large thermal doses may result in regions of thermal aseptic necrosis which may not be apparent on inspection of the skin.
- See also chapter 3, Precautionary Instructions, for general Warnings and Precautions.

4.2.4 Relevant Hazards Ultrasound

- Use of ultrasound in treating areas above the shoulders may pose relevant hazards. While it is recognized that certain specific conditions involving the eyes can and have been treated by specialists qualified by training, knowledge and experience to administer such treatments, such application carries with it recognized hazards of applying heat to the eyes.
- Treatment of the facial sinus exposes the eyes to the same hazards.
- Treatment of the thyroid, as well as lymph nodes in the neck, may expose the patient to as yet undetermined effects, in as much as the safety of such treatments has not yet been established.

4.2.4 Relevant Hazards Ultrasound

- Cataracts.
- Enhanced drug activity.
- Male sterility.
- Thermal stress.

4.2.4 Relevant Hazards Ultrasound

Ultrasound Frequency: expressed in MHz, is the frequency of the ultrasound waves. The ultrasound frequency determines the penetration depth, which has the largest value at 1 MHz. The ultrasound frequency can be set at 1 MHz or 3 MHz.

Duty Cycle: expressed in %, defines the ratio of the pulse duration to the pulse repetition time. Ultrasound can be applied in pulsed or in continuous mode. When the Duty Cycle is set to 100%, the apparatus operates in continuous mode.

Effective Radiation Area (ERA): expressed in cm^2 , defines the cross-sectional area of the ultrasound beam (See technical specifications for details). The Effective Radiation Area is fixed and defined by the size of the ultrasound applicator.

Ultrasound Power: is the ultrasound output expressed in Watt. The ultrasound output display can be toggled between Watt and Watt/cm^2 . In pulsed mode the power during the pulse is displayed. The time averaged power can be obtained by multiplying this value with the Duty Cycle.

Ultrasound Amplitude: expressed in Watt/cm^2 , is the quotient of Ultrasound Power and Effective Radiation Area. The ultrasound output display can be toggled between Watt and Watt/cm^2 . In pulsed mode the Amplitude during the pulse is displayed. The time-averaged Amplitude can be obtained by multiplying this value by the Duty Cycle.

4.3 Combination Therapy

Combination therapy is the combined application of ultrasound and electrical stimulation. With combination therapy the metal surface of the ultrasound applicator becomes the negative electrical stimulation electrode, while the lead wire with the red connector remains the positive electrical stimulation electrode. Combination therapy is available with all current waveforms, but limited to channel 2. Combination therapy is typically used for the reduction of muscle spasm. The combined Contra-indications and Adverse Effects of paragraph 4.1 and 4.2 apply

4.4 EMG Therapy

Myofeedback is a form of feedback, in which the patient receives electronically recorded information about his own physiological processes. The electromyographic recording used in the diagnostics and treatment of the moving mechanism is an indispensable supplement to the study of movement. When we place electrodes on the skin to obtain information from an EMG signal about the underlying musculature, we must be acquainted with the development of the EMG signal and the construction and function of the motor mechanism. Thus, properties and mutations in the musculature, the joints system, the sensory and the neural system can be found in the motor system and also in the EMG recording. Surface EMG provides us with detailed information about the organ-specific properties of a muscle, such as:

- the activation of the muscle;
- the muscle's capacity for relaxation;
- coordination between muscles;
- the tiredness of a muscle;

- the capacity of a muscle to lengthen;

This makes Myofeedback especially suitable as a measuring instrument for charting our locomotive operations.

4.4.1 Parameters

Program time	Max:99mins
Threshold (μV)	0.6-2000 μV , During work period the patient is prompted to contract above the Threshold. In the rest phase the patient is prompted to relax their pelvic muscle.
Filter	Wide/Narrow
Biofeedback	Above/Below/Continue/OFF: Above the threshold, Below the threshold, Continue-full scale, OFF-no bar graph sound
Work/Rest time (s)	2-99 sec
Threshold setting	Auto/Manual
Trial	Number of work/rest repetitions, 2-99
Threshold setting	Auto/Manual
STIM time(s)	1-99sec
Frequency (Hz)	2-100Hz
Pulse width (μS)	50-450 μS
Ramp up/down time(s)	0.1-9.9sec

4.4.2 Indications/Contraindications and Adverse Effects for Biofeedback

Indications

- Loss of coordination (voluntary muscles)
- Craniomandibular dysfunction
- Tension headache / Migraine
- Stress-related disorders
- Low-Back Pain
- Respiratory diseases
- Orthopedic, post-traumatic and post-surgical disorders
- Peripheral nerve lesions
- Mimic (Facial) Rehabilitation
- Pelvic Floor Reeducation (Incontinence)
- Dysphagia

Contraindications

Because Biofeedback therapy does not “do” anything to the body, few contraindications exist. Biofeedback therapy is not recommended for persons with severe psychosis, depression, or obsessional neurosis, nor for debilitated patients or those with psychopathic personalities. However, because resulting functional improvements can require strenuous physical effort, individuals interested in Biofeedback may need to be aerobically fit.

Precautions and Warnings:

Biofeedback is dangerous for diabetics and others with endocrine disorders, as it can change the need for insulin and other medications. Please check with the doctor to see whether this is an appropriate treatment for you.

5 Package Contents

Device model:

The package contents depend on the device model ordered. The following models are available:

5.1 CT2200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1053283	CT2200 mainframe	1
1183323	Patient Interrupt Switch	1
7160132830	Mains Power cable	1
1811361	5cm ² ultrasound applicator	1
2240000006	Ultrasound Transmission Gel	1
7100100001	Rubber electrodes(60x90mm)	2
7100100000	Rubber electrodes(70x110mm)	2
9051650011	Electrode Sponges(70x100mm)	2

9051650010	Electrode Sponges(80x120mm)	2
7100000081	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x50mm)	4
7100000152	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x100mm)	4
7200300010	Fixation strap(75x1200mm)	1
7200300050	Fixation strap(75x600mm)	1
7101000016	Stim Lead Wires	2
2003321	Holder for ultrasound applicator	1
9011032830	User manual	1

5.2 MT2200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1093294	MT2200 mainframe	1
1183323	Patient Interrupt Switch	1
7160132830	Mains Power cable	1
7100100001	Rubber electrodes(60x90mm)	2
7100100000	Rubber electrodes(70x110mm)	2
9051650011	Electrode Sponges(70x100mm)	2
9051650010	Electrode Sponges(80x120mm)	2
7100000081	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x50mm)	4
7100000152	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x100mm)	4
7200300010	Fixation strap(75x1200mm)	1
7200300050	Fixation strap(75x600mm)	1
7101000016	Stim Lead Wires	2
9011032830	User manual	1

5.3 UT2200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1043305	UT2200 mainframe	1
7160132830	Mains Power cable	1
1811361	5cm2 ultrasound applicator	1
2240000006	Ultrasound Transmission Gel	1
1811373	1cm2 ultrasound applicator	1
2003321	Holder for ultrasound applicator	2
9011032830	User manual	1

5.4 MTM200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1223317	MTM200 mainframe	1
1183323	Patient Interrupt Switch	1
7100100001	Rubber electrodes(60x90mm)	2
7100100000	Rubber electrodes(70x110mm)	2
9051650011	Electrode Sponges(70x100mm)	2
9051650010	Electrode Sponges(80x120mm)	2
7100000081	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x50mm)	4
7100000152	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x100mm)	4
7200300010	Fixation strap(75x1200mm)	1
7200300050	Fixation strap(75x600mm)	1
7101000016	Stim Lead Wires	2

5.5 BTM200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1223315	BTM200 mainframe	1

5.6 VAM200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1223314	VAM200 mainframe	1
7900033220	Vacuum Electrode Cups Ø 60mm	4
7120033290	Vacuum Sponges Ø 60mm	4
7130033300	Vacuum Lead Hose (Red)	2
7130033310	Vacuum Lead Hose (Black)	2

5.7 EMG200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1223316	EMG200 mainframe	1
7100000081	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x50mm)	8
10260041	Intravaginal Probe(26.5mm)	1
7101000016	Stim Lead Wires	2
7101000017	EMG Leadwire	1

6 Installation

6.1 Installation of functional modules

6.1.1 Rehab series with or without a pre-install module

- Remove the Rehab2 series device and any additional items ordered from the carton and inspect for damage that may have occurred during shipment.
- Place the device on a desk or Cart200. Ensure that there is sufficient air flow below the device (do not place the device on a table-cover).

6.1.2 Rehab series with a module (VAM200/ EMG200/ BTM200/ MTM200)

- Remove the functional module and any additional items ordered from the carton and inspect for damage that may have occurred during shipment.
- Place the functional module on a desk or Cart200. Ensure that there is sufficient air flow below the device (do not place the device on a table-cover).
- Remove the Rehab2 series device and any additional items ordered from the carton and inspect for damage that may have occurred during shipment.
- Place the main device on top of the functional module.
- Carefully lift the main device at the front and insert flat cable into connector.

6.1.3 Rehab series with two modules

- Remove the bottom functional module and any additional items ordered from the carton and inspect for damage that may have occurred during shipment.
- Place the bottom functional module on a desk or Cart200. Ensure that there is sufficient air flow below the device (do not place the device on a table-cover) and the white gap on front panel is upward.
- Remove the top functional module and any additional items ordered from the carton and inspect for damage that may have occurred during shipment.
- Place the top functional module on top of the bottom functional module and ensure the white gap on front panel is downward.
- Carefully lift the top functional module at the front and insert flat cable into connector.
- Place the main device on top of functional modules.
- Carefully lift the main device at the front and insert flat cable into connector.

6.2 Connection to mains supply

Insert the mains cable into socket and connect it to a wall socket.

CAUTION:

- Do not place the device in a location where the power cord could be tripped over or pulled out during treatment.
- Do not attempt to use the device if it is not properly grounded. Make certain that the device is electrically grounded by connecting it only to a grounded electrical service receptacle conformable with the applicable national and local electrical codes regarding medical environments.
- Set power line switch On(1).
- Power LED indicator is lit green indicating that the device is connected to the mains supply.
- The device will initialize and perform a self test. This may take a while.
- At the end of the self test the device enters the Home menu and is ready for use.

6.3 Disconnection from mains supply

Systems without a battery:

- When you have finished treatments turn the device off by setting the power line switch to Off(0). The device is now disconnected from the mains supply.

Systems with a battery:

- Turn off the device with push button
- Set power line switch Off (0) to stop charging and to disconnect the unit from the mains supply.

6.4 Operation from the battery module (BTM200)

- Leave power line switch in the Off position (0) and turn on the device on using push button.
- Power LED indicator is lit orange, indicating that the device is operating from the battery.
- The charge status of the battery is indicated in the right hand top corner of the display.
- When you have finished treatments turn off the device using push button
- With the power line switch On (1), the battery is automatically charged, independent of the state of the on/off push button. We recommend to use the apparatus from the powerline whenever possible. This will increase the service life of the battery.

7 Application Information

7.1 Electrotherapy

CAUTION:

- Connection of accessories other than the ones specified by the manufacturer can adversely affect the safety of the patient and correct functioning of the equipment, and is therefore not permitted.
- To prevent infection, electrodes and sponge pads should not be used on broken skin.

7.1.1 Before treatment

- Check the patient for contra-indications and warnings as described in paragraph 4. Test the heat sensibility of the treatment area.
- Rinse the treatment area. Shaving hairy skin is recommended.

7.1.2 Flexible rubber electrodes

We recommend using the flexible rubber electrodes in combination with the supplied sponge pads. When properly moistened, the sponge pads ensure low impedance between the skin and the stimulator during treatment and they are easily cleaned afterwards. Follow the guidelines below when using these electrodes.

- Prior to initial use thoroughly rinse the sponge pads in warm tap water to remove the impregnating agent.
- Before application saturate the sponge pads with tap water. In areas with soft tap water use a saline solution instead. This will improve electrical conduction.
- The supplied sponge pads have three layers. With AC currents, apply one sponge layer between the skin and the electrode for minimum resistance.
- With DC currents, apply two sponge layers between the skin and the electrode. Two layers provide more absorbing capacity for electrolysis by-products.
- Fix the electrode/sponge pad assembly to the patient using the supplied fixation straps.
- Depending on the electrode size, use two or three wraps to maximize the contact surface. See the illustrations below.
- Use the stimulator in the Constant Current (CC) mode. This will maintain the set current amplitude, even when the impedance of the sponge pads increases during treatment caused by water evaporation.
- Keep the sponge pads well moistened during treatment, especially with DC currents. If the current display starts blinking, it is an indication of poor electrical contact.
- After use clean the sponge pads as described in the User Maintenance instructions.

7.1.3 Vacuum electrodes

There is a choice of large and small electrodes. The areas of the electrodes correspond to those of the 4 x 6cm and 6 x 8cm flexible rubber electrodes. The vacuum electrodes are sufficiently flexible to ensure optimum contact with the skin, but rigid enough to prevent any changes in the contour of the part being treated, allowing full advantage to be taken of the massage effect of the pulsed vacuum.

Keep the sponge pads well moistened during treatment.

After use clean the sponge pads as described in the User Maintenance instructions.

7.1.4 Self-adhesive electrodes

Self-adhesive electrodes have higher series impedance than flexible rubber electrodes. This can cause the stimulator to terminate treatment at higher current amplitudes. When this occurs it is recommended to continue the treatment with flexible rubber electrodes, combined with properly moistened sponge pads.

Self-adhesive electrodes are not recommended for use with currents that contain a DC component.

 CAUTION:

Do not use electrodes on open wounds.

7.1.5 Electrolytic effects

Electrolysis occurs under the electrodes when current types with a DC component are applied. Because the largest concentration of electrolytic by-products caused by ion migration occur under the electrodes, we recommend the use of the supplied sponges to keep the effects to a minimum. Make sure that the sponges are kept well moistened and place the thick side of the sponge between the flexible rubber electrode and the patient.

7.1.6 Current density

In the particular standard for Electrical Nerve and Muscle Stimulators, IEC 60601-2-10, it is recommended not to exceed a current density of 2 mA r.m.s. / cm², otherwise skin irritations or burns can occur. For current types that contain a DC component we recommend not to

exceed a current density of 0.2 mA / cm².

To find the maximum recommended current amplitude in mA for the Interferential, Premodulated and Russian Stimulation current waveforms, multiply the electrode surface in cm² by two. For all other current waveforms the stimulator output current can never exceed 50 mA r.m.s. This implies that with an electrode surface of 25 cm² the current density can never exceed 2 mA r.m.s. / cm². As a rule of thumb for smaller electrodes, such as the 3.2mm self adhesives, the maximum current setting available on the stimulator for a given current waveform should proportionally be reduced.

For a precise calculation of the r.m.s. value of a pulsed current waveform the following formula can be used: $IRMS = I_{peak} \sqrt{(\text{Phase duration } [\mu s] * \text{pulse frequency } [Hz] * 106)}$

For symmetrical TENS currents, the Phase duration should be multiplied by 2. The value of the peak current I_{peak} can be taken from the current display.

Electrodes should be placed with care, ensuring good electrical contact over the entire electrode surface.

7.1.7 Connection and disconnection reactions

Constant Current (CC) output characteristics may cause unpleasant connection and disconnection reactions if the electrodes are not securely placed or lose contact with the skin. Make sure the current amplitude is set to 0 mA when you apply or remove the electrodes. Use the Constant Voltage (CV) output mode with dynamic electrode applications.

7.2 Ultrasound

7.2.1 Contact control

The ultrasound applicator has a contact control function that suspends treatment when the acoustical contact with the body drops below a certain level (see paragraph 10.1). The indicator light on the applicator is turned on to signal this situation, the ultrasound Amplitude display will start blinking and the treatment timer will stop counting down. During this situation the applicator emits a small amount of energy to sense restoration of acoustical contact. You may experience this when the applicator only partially contacts the body. When contact restoration is sensed the treatment is resumed at the set Amplitude.

The contact control function does not work at Amplitudes below 0.2 Watt/cm².

7.2.2 The contact medium

To ensure efficient transfer of energy, a contact medium is required between the ultrasound applicator and the body. Air causes virtually total reflection of the ultrasound energy. The best medium for the transfer of ultrasound energy is a gel.

- The gel should be applied to the part of the body to be treated and then spread out with the ultrasound applicator.
- Never apply the gel to the ultrasound applicator. The applicator will register this as acoustical contact and may emit ultrasound energy, which could damage the applicator.

If the body surface is very irregular, making it difficult to obtain good contact between the ultrasound applicator and the body, or if direct contact must be avoided (e.g. due to pain), the affected area may be treated under water (subaquatic method). The water should be degassed (by previous boiling) in order to prevent air bubbles arising on the ultrasound applicator and the body.

7.2.3 Before treatment

- Check the patient for contra-indications. See section 4.2.2 for details.
- Test the warmth sensibility of the treatment area.
- To optimize ultrasound transmission, clean the skin of the treatment area with soap or a 70% alcohol solution.
- Strong hair growth has to be shaved.

7.2.4 During treatment

- The ultrasound applicator has to be moved constantly, also with the semi-static method. During treatment the displayed ultrasound Amplitude can vary around the set value, caused by fluctuations in acoustical coupling.
- Ask the patient regularly for his/her findings. If necessary the treatment will have to be adapted. The Amplitude can be reduced or the continuous mode can be changed to pulsed mode or vice versa.
- When there are signs that the ultrasound transmission is bad, add more contact gel or spread it with the applicator.

CAUTION:

- The ultrasound applicator is a precision instrument. Great care has been taken during the development and in production to obtain the best possible beam characteristics. Rough treatment (jarring or dropping) can adversely affect these characteristics, and must therefore be avoided.

7.2.5 After treatment

- Clean the skin of the patient and the ultrasound applicator with a towel or tissue. Clean the applicator with a 70% alcohol solution.
- Check for the effects that can be expected (for example pain, circulation and mobility).
- Ask the patient to inform the therapist of any reactions.

7.3 Vacuum

Vacuum electrodes make good contact with the skin, which means that effective use is made of the whole electrode area. The massage effect resulting from the pulsed vacuum ensures a good blood flow through the skin under the electrodes. This reduces the resistance of the skin and increases the effectiveness of the stimulation current.

- See paragraph 7.1.3 for the application of the vacuum electrodes.
- When you use only one vacuum channel, close the other channel with one of the vacuum cables not in use.

7.4.1 Skin electrodes/Probe placement

If using the EMG or ETS phase, connect the EMG reference lead to a surface skin electrode and place it appropriately on the body, making sure the skin is free from grease and dirt; repeat the above procedure with the other two skin electrodes. If using a probe, place the single surface skin electrode on the thigh area and then insert the probe.

Always use Reference wire (REF) for the precise EMG measurement!

Place reference electrode anywhere on your skin. When using with Vaginal probe, you can place the reference electrode on your thigh.

7.4.2 Probes

Vaginal / Rectal Probes:

- Check if the connectors connected with the probe.
- We advice you to use NU-TEK's Probe.
- Cleaning: Remember! The Vaginal or Rectal probe is for use with one patient only! Carefully clean the Probe after use. Wash the probe gently in mild soapy water, rinse and make sure the probe is completely dry before returning to storage in the plastic bag. Read carefully the probe instruction of use, originally attached to the probe package.

NOTE:

Only NU-TEK, or appointed distributors /importers are approved to undertake servicing. Please contact us about our Vaginal /Rectal Probe.



AC4001(24.5x97mm)



NT1041(26.5x97mm)



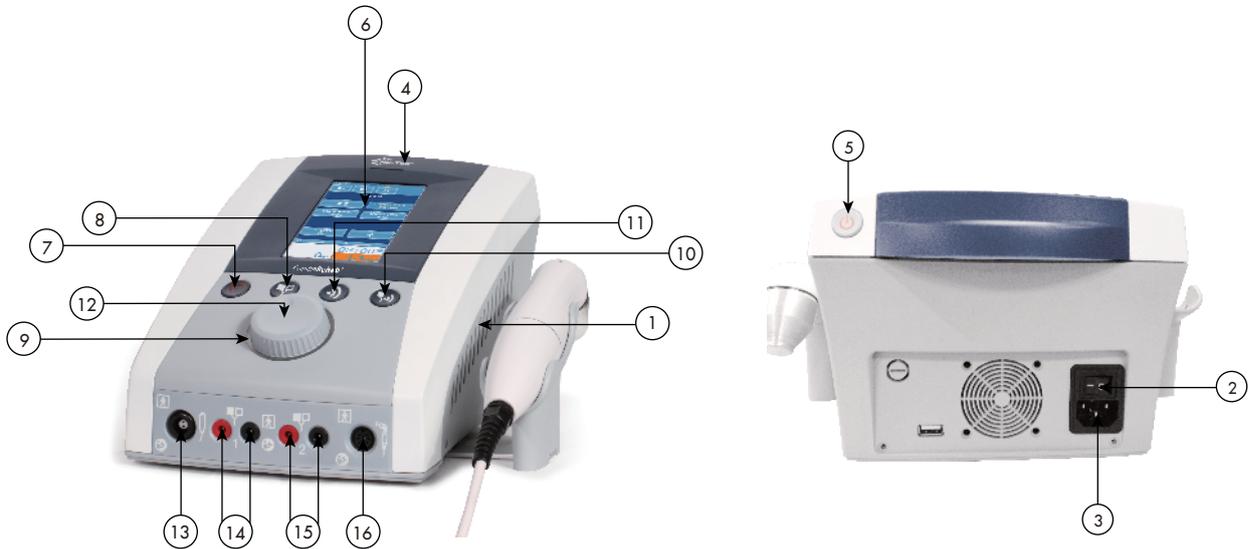
AC4000(29.5x97mm)



NT1011(14x132mm)

8 Operating Instructions

8.1 Operator Controls



[1] Mainframe of CT2200

[2] Power line switch

0...Device disconnected from mains supply

1...Device connected to mains supply

[3] Connector for mains cable

Type number/warning sticker

Provides information on the apparatus, such as type and serial number, as well as connection data such as mains voltage and maximum current consumption.

[4] LOGO [5] ON/OFF switch button

[6] Display with Touch screen technology [7] Patient interrupt switch

[8] Electrotherapy Therapy button (Combo-Rehab, Stim-Rehab) /Treatment button(Ultra-Rehab)

[9] LED indicator

[10] Combination Therapy button(Combo-Rehab)/ Favorites button(StimRehab, UltraRehab)

[11] Ultrasound Therapy button(Combo-Rehab)/ Clinical Protocol button(StimRehab, Ultra-Rehab)

[12] Central controller with light ring

Use this controller to scroll through the pages and to adjust the parameters. The linear led indicator is illuminated when the controller is ready to use.

[13] Emergency Stop button [14] Connection Electrode Cable Electrotherapy channel 1

[15] Connection Electrode Cable Electrotherapy channel 2

[16] Connection Ultrasound applicator



- [17] MTM200 module
- [18] Connection Electrode Cable Electrotherapy channel 4
- [19] Connection Electrode Cable Electrotherapy channel 3
- [20] BTM200
- [21] VAM200 module
- [22] Connections Vacuum Cables Electrotherapy channel 1
- [23] Connections Vacuum Cables Electrotherapy channel 2
- [24] EMG200 module
- [25] Reference Electrode Cable channel
- [26] EMG Electrode Cable channel 1
- [27] EMG Electrode Cable channel 2

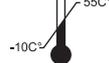
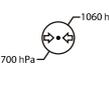
 CAUTION:

- Connection of accessories other than the ones specified by the manufacturer can adversely affect the safety of the patient and correct functioning of the equipment, and is therefore not permitted. For combined applications only use CARETALK type BF equipment. The very low leakage current of this type of equipment ensures absolute safe therapy.
- The ultrasound applicator is a precision instrument. Great care has been taken during the development and in production to obtain the best possible beam characteristics. Rough treatment (jarring or dropping) can adversely affect these characteristics, and must therefore be avoided.

 CAUTION:

 Connections [13] [14] [15] [16] [18] [19] [22] [23] [25] [26] [27] are intended for the connection of type BF applied parts complying with the leakage current requirements of IEC 60601-1.

8.2 Symbol

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
	Connection Electrode Cable Electrotherapy		Transportation and storage temperature limits.
	BF application part		Transportation and storage humidity limits.
	Connection Ultrasound applicator		Transportation and storage atmospheric pressure limits.
	Connection Emergency Stop button		Disposal in accordance with Directive 2002/96/EC (WEEE)
	Please refer to instruction manual because of the higher levels of output.		The name and address of manufacturer
	Complies with the European Medical Device Directive (93/42/EEC) and amended by directive 2007/47/EC requirements. Notified body TÜV Rheinland (CE0197)		

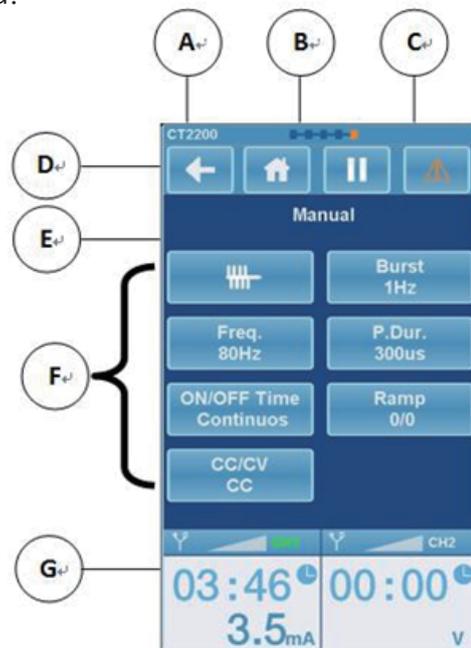
8.3 Basic Operation

8.3.1 Device turn on

- Turn on the apparatus as described in paragraph 6.3

8.3.2 Display Organization

The display is organized as a spreadsheet of 3 sheets, one for each channel. The channels refer to the patient connector groups accessible at the front of the unit. A sheet can be selected by touching its tab. The tab shows important information, such as the output amplitude and the remaining treatment time. This information is continuously visible, also when the sheet is not selected.



[A] Device model.

[B] Navigation level. Shows where you reside in the navigation.

[C] Battery indicator (only visible when operating from the battery).

[D] Navigation bar. Provides screen dependent buttons for several functions. See paragraph 8.2.5.1 for details.

[E] Screen header. Shows the name of the screen, such as Manual Operation or a the name of the selected Clinical Protocol.

[F] Screen body. Shows the parameters of a selected channel or, when no channels are selected, the menu buttons.

[G] Channel tab. Used to select a channel. and to display and adjust the treatment time and the output amplitude of that channel. See paragraph 8.2.5.2 for details.

A selected sheet gives an overview of the parameters belonging to that channel. A parameter can be selected by touching it, which causes its sheet to be lit and the strip lamp in the bottom of the screen bar is to be illuminated. The parameter can now be adjusted with the central controller [12]. The parameter can be closed by touching another parameter.

To adjust the output amplitude of a channel, touch the tab of the selected channel again. Its colour will change into orange. The output amplitude can now be adjusted with the central controller [12].

For some applications, such as interferential therapy and combination therapy, two adjacent channels can be linked. Linked channels are indicated by a combined tab. The tab halves show the output amplitude of each channel, while the parameters on the remainder of the sheet apply to both channels.

When you turn on the unit, you will first enter the Home menu. In the Home menu none of the channels are selected. The Home menu provides a structured access to all therapies available within the unit, with appropriate parameter defaults. Just select a menu item by touching the button to navigate to the next screen. You can navigate back to the previous screen by touching the back arrow at the top of the screen. Anywhere in the navigation, you can jump back to the Home menu, by touching the home button .

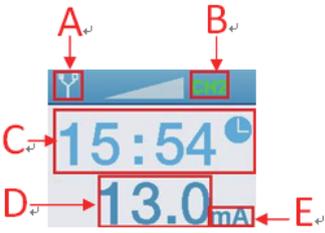
8.3.3 Sign

8.3.3.1 Navigation Bar

Icon	name	Meaning
	Back	return to previous screen.
	Home	return to Home screen.
	Page number	Page number / number of pages in multi page menu screens or treatment step number
	favorite	ed sequential protocol in a favorite.
	Delete	Delete Favorite.
	Pause	Pause treatment. The output current decreases to 0 and the treatment timer suspends counting down.

Icon	name	Meaning
	Start/Continue	Start/Continue treatment. The output current increases to the previous value and the treatment timer resumes counting down.
	Accept	Accept the selected option.
	Stop	Stop the treatment, reset the treatment time and intensity.

8.3.3.2 Channel Tab Information

Channel Tab Illustration Of Electrotherapy			
A	Output Indicator		Standard electrodes
B	Channel Indicator		Channel 1
			Channel 2
C	Remaining treatment time. When a sequential protocol has been loaded, the value indicates the total remaining treatment time of the sequential protocol.		
D	Output value		
E	Unit of Output value: mA, V		
Channel Tab Illustration Of Ultrasound			
F	Remaining treatment time. When a sequential protocol has been loaded, the value indicates the total remaining treatment time of the sequential protocol.		
G	Output value		
H	Unit of Output value: Watt, Watt/cm ²		

Channel Tab Illustration Of Combination			
I	Output Indicator		Standard electrodes
J	Output Indicator		Ultrasound Applicator
K	Remaining treatment time. When a sequential protocol has been loaded, the value indicates the total remaining treatment time of the sequential protocol.		
L	Output value		
M	Unit of Output value: mA, V		
N	Output value		
O	Unit of Output value: Watt, Watt/cm ²		

8.3.4 Navigation

8.2.4.1 Electrotherapy	
<p>Home</p> <p>The Home menu gives access to all functions of the unit.</p> <p>Select the desired function or therapy by touching the button.</p> <p>The next screen appears.</p>	

<p>Electrotherapy “Clinical Protocols”</p> <p>The electrotherapy menu gives access to functions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical Protocols • Favorites • Manual Operation <p>Select Clinical Protocols by touching the button. The next screen appears.</p>	
<p>Use the central controller to scroll through the list and select the clinical protocol by touching the button. The channel selection screen appears.</p> <p>For therapy information touch the info button on the left side of the protocol and the therapy info will appear.</p>	
<p>Therapy information</p> <p>Use the central controller to scroll through the pages, in most cases the first page is text followed by one or more illustrations.</p>	

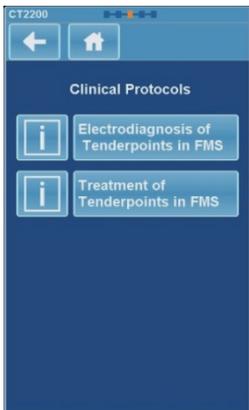
<p>Channel Selection</p> <p>Here you can select the channels for electrotherapy. When channel 1 is selected, channel 2 is still available for another therapy. When Channel 1+2 is selected both channels have the same parameters. Only the intensity can be set differently.</p>	
<p>Parameter screen (therapy screen)</p> <p>In this screen the user can adjust the intensity or change the parameter by touching the button and changing the value with the central controller .</p>	
<p>Treatment time adjustment</p> <p>Touch the timer button, the color changes into orange and adjust the treatment time with the central controller [12].</p> <p>Repeat this for all other parameters.</p>	

<p>Start the therapy by adjusting the intensity with the central controller[9].</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To pause the treatment, touch the pause button  in the navigation bar. • To continue the treatment touch the run button  in the navigation bar. • To Stop the treatment touch the STOP button  in the navigation bar. 	
<p>Electrotherapy “Manual Operation”</p> <p>The electrotherapy menu gives access to functions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical Protocols • Favorites • Manual Operation <p>Select Manual Operation by touching the button. The next screen appears.</p>	
<p>Select from the list a current waveform</p> <p>Scroll to the next page with the central controller [12] or select the current waveform by touching the button.</p> <p>Note: some of these selections are groups and in the next screen another list appears from which the current wave can be selected.</p>	

<p>Channel Selection</p> <p>Here you can select the channels for electrotherapy. When channel 1 is selected, channel 2 is still available for another therapy.</p> <p>When Channel 1 +2 is selected both channels have the same parameters. Only the intensity can be set differently.</p>	
<p>Parameter screen</p> <p>Adjust the parameters by touching the button and change the value with the central controller [12].</p> <p>Note: some parameters are grouped and in the next screen the settings can be changed the same way as above.</p>	
<p>Treatment time adjustment</p> <p>Touch the timer button, the color changes into orange and adjust the treatment time with the central controller [12]. Repeat this for all other parameters.</p>	

<p>Start the therapy by adjusting the intensity with the central controller[12].</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To pause the treatment, touch the pause button  in the navigation bar. • To continue the treatment touch the run button  in the navigation bar. • To Stop the treatment touch the STOP button  in the navigation bar. 	
<p>8.2.4.2 Ultrasound Therapy</p>	
<p>The Home menu gives access to all functions of the unit.</p> <p>Select in the Home menu ultrasound therapy by touching the button “ Ultrasound”.</p> <p>The next screen appears.</p>	
<p>Ultrasound Therapy “Clinical Protocols”</p> <p>The Ultrasound Therapy menu gives access to functions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical Protocols • Favorites • Manual Operation <p>Select Clinical Protocols by touching the button</p> <p>The next screen appears.</p>	

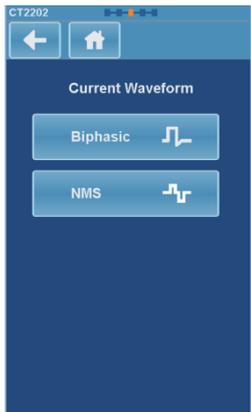
<p>Use the central controller to scroll through the list and select the clinical protocol by touching the button.</p> <p>For therapy information touch the info button left of the protocol and the therapy info will appear.</p>	
<p>Therapy information</p> <p>Use the central controller [12] to scroll through the pages, in most cases the first page is text followed by one or more illustrations.</p>	
<p>The count-down starts when the contact control is de-activated.</p> <p>Parameters can always be changed, before or during the treatment.</p>	

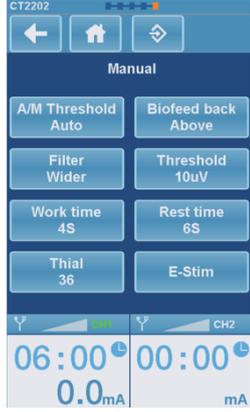
<p>8.2.4.3 Combination Therapy</p>	
<p>This therapy combines ultrasound and electrotherapy.</p> <p>The Home menu gives access to all functions of the unit. Select in the Home menu combination therapy by touching the button “Combination”.</p> <p>The next screen appears.</p>	
<p>Combination Therapy “Clinical Protocols”</p> <p>The Combination menu gives access to functions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical Protocols • Favorites • Manual Operation <p>Select Manual Operation by touching the button. The next screen appears.</p>	
<p>Select in this menu the current waveform by touching the button</p> <p>Note: some of these selections are groups and in the next screen another list appears from which the current wave can be selected.</p>	

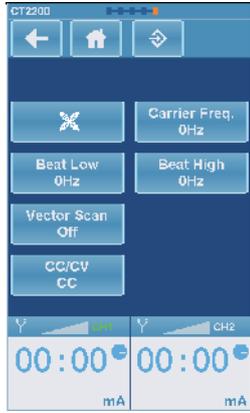
<p>8.2.4.3 Combination Therapy</p>	
<p>Adjust the current parameters and treatment time</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Touch the parameter button and adjust with the central controller [12]. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select the ultrasound button to adjust the ultrasound parameters. • Touch the electrotherapy button to return to the previous screen. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Touch the ultrasound read-out and adjust the intensity with the central controller [12]. • Touch the current read-out channel 2 to adjust the current intensity. (electrode and treatment head need to be in contact with the patient). 	

<p>8.2.4.4 Vacuum</p>	
<p>The Home menu gives access to all functions of the unit.</p> <p>Select in the Home menu vacuum therapy by touching the button "Vacuum" if a unit is equipped with a Vacotron it's possible to select either.</p> <p>The next screen appears.</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Touch the  button and adjust the pressure using the central controller [12]. The vacuum cups are automatically selected when the pump starts to run. 	
<p>Continuous – Pulsed mode</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Touch the  button and select the desired massage rhythm using the central controller [12]. You can choose between Continuous, Pulsed mode 1 s and Pulsed mode 2 s. 	

<p>8.2.4.5 MTM200</p> <p>4 channel electrical stimulation If a unit is equipped with MTM200, electrical stimulation increased to four channel. Here you can select the channels for electrotherapy. When channel 1 is selected, channel 2,3 and 4 are still available for another therapy. When Channel 1 +2 or 3+4 is selected both channels have the same parameters. Only the intensity can be set differently.</p>	
<p>Touch the  button, the screen will switch to parameters of channel 3-4 .</p>	
<p>8.2.4.6 EMG200</p>	
<p>Select in the Home menu vacuum therapy by touching the button “EMG” if a unit is equipped with EMG200.</p>	

<p>The Combination menu gives access to functions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EMG • ETS <p>Select ETS by touching the button. The next screen appears.</p>	 <p>A screenshot of a mobile application interface. At the top, the text 'CT2202' is visible. Below it, the title 'EMG' is centered. There are two large, light blue buttons stacked vertically: the top one is labeled 'EMG' and the bottom one is labeled 'ETS'.</p>
<p>The EMG menu gives access to functions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical Protocols • Favorites • Manual Operation <p>Select Manual Operation by touching the button The next screen appears.</p>	 <p>A screenshot of a mobile application interface. At the top, the text 'CT2202' is visible. Below it, the title 'EMG' is centered. There are three large, light blue buttons stacked vertically: the top one is labeled 'Clinical Protocols' with a list icon, the middle one is labeled 'Favorites' with a star icon, and the bottom one is labeled 'Manual Operation' with a hand cursor icon.</p>
<p>Select from the list a current waveform</p> <p>Scroll to the next page with the central controller [12] or select the current waveform by touching the button.</p>	 <p>A screenshot of a mobile application interface. At the top, the text 'CT2202' is visible. Below it, the title 'Current Waveform' is centered. There are two large, light blue buttons stacked vertically: the top one is labeled 'Biphasic' with a biphasic waveform icon, and the bottom one is labeled 'NMS' with a square-wave icon. At the top left of the screen, there are navigation icons: a back arrow and a home icon.</p>

<p>Channel Selection</p> <p>Here you can select the channels for electrotherapy. When channel 1 is selected, channel 2 is still available for another therapy.</p> <p>When Channel 1 +2 is selected both channels have the same parameters. Only the intensity can be set differently.</p>	
<p>In this screen the user can adjust the intensity or change the parameter by touching the button and changing the value with the central controller . Touch the timer button, the color changes into orange and adjust the treatment time with the central controller [12]. Touch the E-Stim button to switch to parameters of EMG.</p>	
<p>In this screen the user can adjust the intensity or change the parameter by touching the button and changing the value with the central controller . Touch the timer button, the color changes into orange and adjust the treatment time with the central controller [12]. Touch the E-Stim button to return to the previous screen.</p>	

<p>8.2.4.7 Storing Favorites</p>	
<p>When a treatment screen is completely set as required, its settings can be stored in a favorite for later use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As long as the treatment has not been started, a Store button is available on the navigation bar. To store your settings, touch the Store button . 	
<p>Enter the name of your favorite using the keyboard. Touch  to store your favorite under the name just entered.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <p>Once saved, favorites can be retrieved from the Electrotherapy, Ultrasound Therapy and Combination Therapy menus.</p> <p>4-polar treatments are automatically saved and loaded as a dual channel treatment.</p> <p>Vacuum settings are not saved.</p>	
<p>8.2.4.8 System Settings</p>	
<p>The Home menu gives access to all functions of the unit. Select in the Home menu System Settings by touching the button “System Settings”</p> <p>The next screen appears.</p>	

<p>In this screen you can personalize the unit. Several settings can be changed or adjusted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Language, touch the language button and select the desired language using the central controller [12]. Touch the language button again or touch another button to confirm. • Brightness, here you can change the intensity of the backlight of the screen. • Repeat this for all other options in the System Settings menu. • Touch the Back arrow  in the navigation bar to return to the Home menu. 	
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8.2.5 Shutting device down

Turn off the device as described in paragraph 6.4.

8.2.6 Operating Details

8.2.6.1 Shortcut Button

- Electrotherapy Therapy button: Pressing this button can enter Electrotherapy Therapy screen which is selected last time.
- Ultrasound Therapy button: Pressing this button can enter Ultrasound Therapy screen which is selected last time.
- Combination Therapy button: Pressing this button can enter Combination Therapy screen which is selected last time.
- Treatment button: Pressing this button can enter Treatment screen which is selected last time.
- Favorites button: Pressing this button can enter Favorites screen which is selected last time.
- Clinical Protocols button: Pressing this button can enter Clinical Protocols screen which is selected last time.

8.2.6.2 Adjusting current amplitude

To adjust the output current, touch the tab of the selected channel. Its colour will change to orange, after which the current amplitude can be set with the central controller [12].

The current amplitude can only be adjusted when the clock has been set.

With 4 polar interferential current waveforms the current amplitude operates on both channels simultaneously. In this case a balance facility is available for the classical interferential current waveform (see paragraph 4.1.3 for details).

The unity of the displayed current amplitude depends on the previously selected current waveform and can be expressed in **mA**, **µA** or **V**.

A treatment is started by adjusting the current amplitude, unless a surge program has been selected. To start a surge program, touch the Start/Continue button in the navigation bar.

8.2.6.3 CC/CV mode

Depending on the selected current waveform, the electrotherapy channels can be used in the Constant Current or Constant Voltage mode. It is advised to use the CV mode with dynamic electrode applications. In CV mode the output current depends on the electrical contact with the patient and can therefore vary. You can change the CC/CV setting in the parameter menu.

8.2.6.4 Current polarity

When DC currents are used, the red connection is the positive connection and the black one the negative connection.

Manually changing the polarity during a treatment will result in a current decaying to 0, followed by a current with the opposite polarity, rising to a value equal to 80% of the previous value

9. Maintenance and Troubleshooting

9.1 Cleaning

9.1.1 Cleaning of the device

Switch off the device and disconnect it from the power supply. The apparatus can be cleaned with a damp cloth. Use lukewarm water and a non-abrasive liquid household cleaner (no abrasive, no alcohol content solution). If a more sterile cleaning is needed, use a cloth moistened with an antimicrobial cleaner.

CAUTION:

Do not submerge the apparatus in liquids. Should the unit accidentally become submerged, contact the dealer or Authorized Service center immediately. Do not attempt to use a system that has been wet inside until inspected and tested by a Service Technician Certified by Authorized Service center. Do not allow liquids to enter the ventilation holes.

9.1.2 Cleaning of display panel

Use a soft and dry cotton cloth or micro fiber tissue to clean the panel. To remove fingerprints or grease, use a non-abrasive glass cleaning agent. Apply a small amount of the cleaning agent to a soft cotton cloth and then carefully clean the panel.

CAUTION:

- Do not spray the cleaning agent directly on the glass panel.
- Do not use cleaning agents that contain strong alkalis, lye, acid, detergents with fluoride or detergents with ammonia.

9.1.3 Cleaning the electrodes

- Apply the protective backing to the tacky side of the electrode. Place the electrode on the side of the protective backing that is labeled with the word on.
- It may be helpful to improve repeated application by spreading a few drops of cold water over the adhesive and turn the surface up to air dry. Over Saturation with water will reduce the adhesive properties.
- Between uses, store the electrodes in the reusable bag in a cool dry place.

CAUTION:

- The electrodes are intended for single patient use only .
- If irritation occurs, discontinue use and consult your clinician.
- Always use the electrodes with CE mark, or are legally marketed in the US under 510(K) procedure.

9.1.4 Cleaning the lead wires and cables

Periodically wipe the lead wires clean with a cloth dampened in a mild soap solution, and then gently wipe them dry . Use of rubbing alcohol on the lead wires will damage the insulation and dramatically shorten their life.

9.1.5 Ultrasound applicator

To prevent corrosion, clean and dry the contact surface immediately after use. Make sure that no ultrasound gel remains on the applicator. We further recommend cleaning the applicator and cable daily, using lukewarm water. The applicator can be disinfected using a cloth moistened with a 70% alcohol solution. Check the applicator and cable regularly for damage.

9.1.6 Vacuum electrodes and sponges

The vacuum electrodes and sponges should be cleaned with lukewarm water. In the case of persistent dirt, and for disinfection, a 70% alcohol solution may be used.

Sponges should be replaced regularly. It is recommended to keep sponges and a spare electrode in stock.

Calcium scale can be deposited on the metal surfaces of the electrodes. This has an insulating effect. In order to maintain optimum conductivity, these surfaces should be regularly cleaned and polished.

9.1.7 Vacuum cables

Clean the vacuum cable with a damp cloth. Use lukewarm water and a non-abrasive household cleaning agent. Do not use an alcohol solution. Check the cable regularly for damages and/or bad electrical contact. We advise, keeping a spare vacuum cable in stock.

9.1.8 Cleaning Vaginal/Rectal probes

Carefully clean the probe after use. Wash the probe gently in mild soapy water, rinse and make sure the probe is completely dry before returning to storage in the plastic bag.

9.1.9 Cleaning the water reservoir and hoses

- Detach the vacuum cups from the vacuum cables.
- Place a container filled with a cleaning liquid below the system.
- Place the peripheral ends of the cables in the container.
- Go to System Settings and select Tank Cleaning.
- The water reservoir will be filled with the cleaning liquid until the water reservoir is full.

9.2 Warning Messages, Error Messages

9.2.1 Prompt tone

error code	reason	Content		System processing
		Tooltip	Voice	
001	Ultrasound applicar is without load	N/A	Prompt tone	Output pause, system recover output when detecting load.
002	Parameters is sett upper limit	N/A	Prompt tone	Parameters remain in upper limit
003	Parameters is sett lower limit	N/A	Prompt tone	Parameters remain in lower limit
004	Choose occupied channel operation	N/A	Prompt tone	The operation is invalid
005	Touch operation that is not allowed	N/A	Prompt tone	The operation is invalid
006	Touch option that cannot be changed	N/A	Prompt tone	The operation is invalid

9.2.2 Warning tone

error code	reason	Content		System processing
		Tooltip	Voice	
101	Electrical stimulation channel 1 is without load	Bad contact quality on channel 1.Check pads and lead wires.	Warning tone	System Stop Electrical stimulation output
102	Electrical stimulation channel 2 is without load	Bad contact quality on channel 2.Check pads and lead wires.	Warning tone	System Stop Electrical stimulation output
103	Electrical stimulation channel 3 is without load	Bad contact quality on channel 3.Check pads and lead wires.	Warning tone	System Stop Electrical stimulation output
104	Electrical stimulation channel 4 is without load	Bad contact quality on channel 4.Check pads and lead wires.	Warning tone	System Stop Electrical stimulation output
105	The program saved is more than system capacity	Attempting to save Favorite Protocols after system memory has reached the maximum allowed	Warning tone	The operation is invalid
106	System detect Ultrasound handle is not connect in Ultrasound treatment	Ultrasound Applicator disconnected from system during treatment session	Warning tone	System Stop Ultrasound treatment output

107	System detect Ultrasound handle is not connect when the Ultrasound treatment is selected.	Attempting to perform Ultrasound treatment with no Applicator connected to the system	Warning tone	System Stop Ultrasound treatment output
108	Ultrasound applicar overheat	Ultrasound Applicator is too hot.	Warning tone	System Stop Ultrasound treatment output
109	Electrical stimulation channel 1 short circuit	Overcurrent on channel 1. Check pads and lead wires.	Warning tone	System Stop Electrical stimulation output
110	Electrical stimulation channel 2 short circuit	Overcurrent on channel 2. Check pads and lead wires.	Warning tone	System Stop Electrical stimulation output
111	Electrical stimulation channel 3 short circuit	Overcurrent on channel 3. Check pads and lead wires.	Warning tone	System Stop Electrical stimulation output
112	Electrical stimulation channel 4 short circuit	Overcurrent on channel 4. Check pads and lead wires.	Warning tone	System Stop Electrical stimulation output
113	Battery level is Low	Battery level too Low	Warning tone	The operation is invalid
114	Battery is not enough	The battery is insufficiently charged to complete the treatment at the currently set therapy levels.	Warning tone	The operation is invalid
115	water reservoir is full	The water separation tank of the Vacotron is full.	Warning tone	The operation is invalid

116	Vacuum adsorption module e leak	There probably is a leak in the vacuum system.	Warning tone	The operation is invalid
117	Device inside Overtemperature	System is too hot.	Warning tone	System stop output
118	Battery overtemperature	Battery is too hot.	Warning tone	System stop output

9.3 Maintenance

9.3.1 User Maintenance

9.3.1.1 Technical Maintenance

On request a service manual can be made available containing: spare part list, descriptions, calibration instructions and other information which will assist the user's qualified technical personnel to repair those parts of the equipment which are designated by the manufacturer as repairable.

 **CAUTION:**

- Electrical safety of the device relies on a properly earthed electrical connection via the power cord. It is therefore necessary to have this connection checked annually.
- To ensure continued compliance with the 21 CFR 1050.10 standard, this unit should be adjusted and safety tested once each year. Procedures laid down in the service manual should be followed. This may be carried out by your supplier, or by another agency, authorized by the manufacturer. It is also recommended that a service history record is maintained. In some countries this is even obligatory.
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous exposure to ultrasonic energy.

⚠ WARNING:

- This unit operates with high voltages. No attempt should be made to disassemble the unit. Maintenance and repair should be carried out by authorized personnel only. The manufacturer will not be held responsible for the results of maintenance or repairs by unauthorized persons.

All other technical maintenance is restricted to authorized Nu-Tek maintenance personnel. Authorized service personnel can make use of 1498770 Service manual REHAB SERIES

9.4 Troubleshooting

- Replace lead wires annually.
- Please follow the directions on the electrode packaging for the care of electrodes. The life of the electrodes varies, depending on skin conditions, skin preparation, storage and climate. Replace electrodes that no longer stick.
- NOTE: If the following measures fail to alleviate the problem, please call the authorized agency or your supplier

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
Displays fail to light up	Adapter contact failure	Ensure adapter is connect. Check the following contacts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All contacts are in place. • All contacts are not broken. • Ensure that adapter is Connected.
Displays fail to light up	Electrodes 1. Dried out or contaminated 2. Placement	1. Replace. 2. Electrodes must be a minimum of 2 inches apart.
	Lead wires Old/worn/damaged	Lead wires Old/worn/damaged
Stimulation stops	Poor electrode contact	Reapply electrodes, secure firmly
	Damaged or worn electrodes or lead wires	Replace

Stimulation is uncomfortable.	Intensity is too high	Decrease intensity .
	Electrodes are too close together	Reposition the electrodes.
		Electrodes must be a minimum of 2 inches apart.
	Damaged or worn electrodes or lead wires	Replace
	Electrode active area size is too small	Replace electrodes with ones that have an active area no less than 25.0cm .
Stimulation is ineffective	Improper electrode	Reposition electrode
	Unknown	Contact clinician

9.5 End of life

The REHAB SERIES contains materials that can be recycled and/or are noxious to the environment. Specialized companies can dismantle the unit and sort out these materials. When you dispose of the unit, find out about local regulations concerning waste management



10. Specifications

10.1 Ultrasound parameters

Frequency.....	1 MHZ, ±10%;3 MHZ, ±10%
Duty Cycles.....	10%-100%,Continues,stepping 10%
Pulse duration.....	1 – 9 ms ± 10 % (set by duty cycle)
PulseFrequency.....	16, 48, 100Hz

Output Power

Duty factor ≥80% for 5cm ²	0.5W-10.0W
Duty factor ≤70% for 5cm ²	0.5W-15.0W
Duty factor ≥80% for 1cm ²	0.1W-2.0W
Duty factor ≤70% for 1cm ²	0.1W-2.0W
Output accuracy.....	± 20% (for any level above 10% of maximum)

Peak out Amplitude Duty

Duty factor ≥80%.....	2.0W/cm ²
Duty factor ≤70%.....	3.0W/cm ²
Treatment timer.....	0 - 30 min ± 0.1 min

5 cm² Applicator

ERA (Effective Radiation Area)	5cm ²
Beam type:	
1 MHz.....	Collimating
3 MHz.....	Collimating
BNR (Beam Non-uniformity Ratio).....	5:1 maximum

1cm² Applicator

ERA (Effective Radiation Area).....	1cm ²
Beam type:	
1 MHz.....	1cm ²
3 MHz.....	1cm ²
BNR (Beam Non-uniformity Ratio).....	5:1 maximum

10.2 Stimulator output parameters

10.2.1 IFC-4P: IFC(Interferential) Traditional (4 Pole)

Interferential Current is a medium frequency waveform. Current is distributed through of two channels (four electrodes). The currents cross each other in the body at the area requiring treatment. The two currents interfere with each other at this crossing point, resulting in a modulation of the intensity (the current intensity increases and decreases at a regular frequency).

Vector Scan.....Auto:20%-100%,stepping 20%;manual:0°-90°,stepping 15°
 Output Mode.....Electrodes
 Carrier Frequency.....2-10KHz, stepping 0.5KHz
 Beat High.....(Beat L.)-200 Hz,stepping 1Hz
 Beat Low.....1-(Beat H.)Hz,stepping 1Hz
 Intensity.....CC:0-100mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-100V,stepping 0.5V
 Treatment Time.....1-60 minutes

10.2.2 IF-2P: IFC(Interferential) Premodulated (2 Pole)

Premodulated Current is a medium frequency waveform. Current comes out of one channel (two electrodes). The current intensity is modulated: it increases and decreases at a regular frequency (the Amplitude Modulation Frequency).

Carrier Frequency.....2-10KHz, stepping 0.5KHz
 Beat High.....(Beat L.)-200 Hz,stepping 1Hz
 Beat Low.....1-(Beat H.)Hz,stepping 1Hz
 Intensity.....CC:0-100mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-100V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time.....1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.3 Biphasic (TENS)

The Asymmetrical Biphasic and the Symmetrical Biphasic waveform are often used in TENS (Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation) applications. The TENS has a short pulse duration. It is capable of strong stimulation of the nerve fibers in the skin as well as of muscle tissue. Because of its short pulse, the patient typically tolerates the current well, even at relatively high intensities. The Alternating Rectangular waveform is an interrupted biphasic current with a rectangular pulse shape. This waveform is commonly used as a pain management application.

10.2.3.1 TENS Asymmetrical

Frequency 1-250Hz, stepping 1Hz
 F.M. 0-250Hz, stepping 1Hz,cycle 16s
 P.Dur. 20us-1000us,stepping 5us
 Intensity..... CC:0-200mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-100V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time..... 1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.3.2 TENS Asymmetrical Burst

Frequency 1-250Hz, stepping 1Hz
 Burst. 1-9bps, stepping 1bps
 P.Dur. 20us-1000us,stepping 5us
 Intensity..... CC:0-200mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-100V,stepping 0.5V
 Treatment Time..... 1-60 minutes
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.3.3 TENS Symmetrical

Frequency 1-250Hz, stepping 1Hz
 F.M. 0-250Hz, stepping 1Hz
 P.Dur. 20us-1000us,stepping 5us
 Intensity..... CC:0-200mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-100V,stepping 0.5V

Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time..... 1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.3.4 TENS Symmetrical Burst

Frequency.....1-250Hz, stepping 1Hz
 Burst1-9bps, stepping 1bps
 P.Dur.....20us-1000us,stepping 5us
 Intensity.....CC:0-200mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-100V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time..... 1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.3.4 TENS Alternating Rec.

Frequency1-250Hz, stepping 1Hz
 F.M.....0-250Hz, stepping 1Hz
 P.Dur.....20us-1000us,stepping 5us
 Intensity.....CC:0-200mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-200V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time..... 1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.3.5 TENS Alternating Rec.Burst

Frequency1-250Hz, stepping 1Hz
 Burst.....1-9bps, stepping 1bps
 P.Dur.....20us-1000us,stepping 5us
 Intensity.....CC:0-200mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-200V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time..... 1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.4 Russian

Russian Current is a rectangle waveform, delivered in bursts or series of pulses. This method was claimed by its author (Kots) to produce maximal muscle strengthening effects without significant discomfort to the patient.

Carrier Freq.....	2-10KHz
Burst Frequency.....	20-100Hz,stepping 5Hz
Duty cycle.....	10%-50%,stepping 10%
Intensity.....	CC:0-200mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-200V,stepping 0.5V
Channel mode.....	Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
Treatment Time.....	1-60 minutes
Cycle Time.....	continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
Ramp.....	0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.5 Microcurrent

Microcurrent is a monophasic waveform of very low intensity. The literature reports beneficial effects of this waveform in the treatment of wounds. The physiological working mechanism of this effect is as yet not clearly understood. It is thought to stimulate tissue healing by stimulating the 'current of injury', a current which naturally occurs in healing tissue.

Frequency.....	0.1-1000Hz,stepping 0.1Hz/1Hz
Polarity.....	Positive,negative
Intensity.....	CC:0-1000uA,stepping 5uA
Channel mode.....	Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
Treatment Time.....	1-60 minutes
Cycle Time.....	continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
Ramp.....	0/0,1/1,2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.6 Faradic

10.2.6.1 Trabert

It is a monophasic waveform with a phase duration of 2 ms and a pause of 5 ms resulting in a frequency of approximately 143 Hz.

Polarity.....	Positive,negative
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Phase Duration.....Positive,negative
 Phase Duration.....2ms
 Interval.....5ms
 Intensity.....CC:0-70mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-70V,stepping 0.5V
 Treatment Time.....1-60 minutes

10.2.6.2 Rectanglar

Frequency.....0.2Hz-200Hz.stepping 0.1Hz/1Hz
 Polarity.....Positive,negative
 P.Dur.....20-10000us,steping 100us/1000us
 Intensity.....CC:0-80mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-80V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time.....1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.6.3 Triangular

Frequency.....0.2Hz-200Hz.stepping 0.1Hz/1Hz
 Polarity.....Positive,negative
 P.Dur.....20-10000us,steping 100us/1000us
 Intensity.....CC:0-80mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-80V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time.....1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.7 Diadynamic

The Diadynamic waveforms are rectified alternating currents. The alternating current is modified (rectified) to allow the current to flow in one direction only.

Mode.....MF,dF,LP,CP,CP.id
 Polarity.....Positive,negative
 Intensity.....CC:0-70mA,stepping 0.5mA; CV:0-70V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time.....1-60 minutes

Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.8 High Voltage

The High Voltage Pulsed Current (HVPC) has a very brief pulse duration characterized by two distinct peaks delivered at high voltage. The waveform is monophasic (current flows in one direction only). The high voltage causes a decreased skin resistance making the current comfortable and easy to tolerate.

Frequency.....1-120Hz,stepping 1Hz
 Polarity.....Positive,negative
 P.Dur.....100us
 Intensity.....CV:0-500V,stepping 5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time.....1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.9 NMS

10.2.9.1NMS

Mode.....NMS,NMS Burst
 Frequency.....1-250Hz,stepping 1Hz
 P.Dur.....20us-1000us,stepping 5us
 Intensity.....CC:0-200mA,stepping 0.5mA;CV:0-200V,stepping 0.5V
 Channel mode.....Single channel Mode,Reciprocal Mode,Co-Contraction Mode
 Treatment Time.....1-60 minutes
 Cycle Time.....continues,10/10,10/20,10/30,10/50,custom:0-60
 Ramp.....0/0,1/1, 2/2,5/5,8/8,custom:0-9

10.2.10 Galvanic

10.2.10.1 Continuous

Polarity.....Positive,negative
 Intensity.....CC:0-80mA,stepping 5uA;CV:0-80V,stepping 5V

10.2.10.2 Interrupted

Frequency.....8KHz fixed
 Polarity.....Positive,negative
 Duty cycle.....90% fixed
 Intensity.....CC:0-80mA,stepping 5uA;CV:0-80V,stepping 5V

10.3 Parameter Limit

For security, the device has some some limited for electrotherapy.The maximum intensity has a relationship with the frequency and pulse duration following below table:

10.4 Technical Data

Power supply.....100V-240V, 47Hz-63Hz, 1.35A
 Power output.....15V , 4A Max
 Dimensions.....256x180x124mm(LxWxH)
 Operating Environmental:
 Temperature.....10°C(50°F) to 40°C(104°F)
 Relative humidity.....30%-85%
 Atmosphere pressure.....700hPa-1060hPa
 Storage Environmental:
 Temperature.....-10°C(14°F) to 55°C(131°F)
 Relative humidity.....10%-90%
 Atmosphere pressure.....700hPa-1060hPa

10.5 Technical Data

For security, the device has some some limited for electrotherapy.The maximum intensity has a relationship with the frequency and pulse duration following below table:

Pulse frequency	phase duration	Max Current output
<100	<300uS	200mA
<100	300-500µSec	150mA
<100	500-1000µSec	100mA
100-250	<500µSec	100mA
100-250	500-1000µSec	70mA

10.6 Safety and Performance standards

IEC 60601-1

General requirements for the safety of electrical medical systems, including Annex 1, national differences for Australia, Canada and the United States.

Safety class according to IEC 60601-1

class I type BF 

IEC 60601-2-5

Particular requirements for the safety of ultrasonic therapy equipment.

IEC 60601-2-10

Particular requirements for the safety of nerve and muscle stimulators.



This equipment complies with all requirements of the Medical Device Directive (93/42/EEC).

Medical device classification

IIa

21 CFR 1050.10

This equipment complies with all requirements of 21 CFR 1050.10, Performance Standard for Ultrasonic Therapy devices.

21 CFR 898

This equipment complies with all requirements of 21 CFR 898, Performance Standard for electrode lead wires and patient leads.

10.6 EMC details

Medical electrical devices such as the Rehab-series are subject to special precautions with regard to electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and must be installed and commissioned in accordance with the EMC advice given in the instructions for use and accompanying documents.

Portable and mobile RF communication systems (e.g. mobile phones) may interfere with medical electrical Rehab-series.

The Rehab-series should only be operated with the original mains cable specified in the list of contents delivered.

Operating the device with any other mains cable can lead to increased emissions or reduced interference immunity of the device.

Guidelines and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic interference		
The REHAB SERIES device is intended for operation in an electromagnetic environment as indicated below. The customer or user of the REHAB SERIES unit should ensure that it is operated in such an environment.		
Interference tests	Conformity	Electromagnetic environment guideline
RF emissions according to CISPR 11	Group 1	The Rehab-series device uses RF energy solely for its internal functioning. Its RF emission is therefore very low and it is unlikely that this will cause interference to neighbouring electronic Rehab-series
RF emissions according to CISPR 11	Class A	The Rehab-series device is suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonic emissions according to IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Voltage fluctuation emissions and flicker according to IEC 61000-3-3	Conforms	

The device should not be used when placed immediately next to or stacked on top of other devices. If operation is necessary when immediately next to or stacked on top of other devices, the device should be monitored to ensure it is operating as intended in this arrangement.

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – Electromagnetic immunity			
The REHAB SERIES device is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the REHAB SERIES device should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - Guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) to IEC 61000-4-2	± 6 kV contact ± 8 kV air	± 6 kV contact ± 8 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
Electrical fast transient / burst to IEC 61000-4-4	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input /output lines	± 2 kV for power supply lines not applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 6100-4-5	± 1 kV differential mode ± 2 kV common mode	± 1 kV differential mode ± 2 kV common mode	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11	<5% UT (>95% dip in UT for 0.5 cycle) 40% UT (60% dip in UT for 5 cycles) 70% UT (30% dip in UT for 25 cycles) <5% UT (>95% dip in UT for 5 seconds)	<5% UT (>95% dip in UT for 0.5 cycle) 40% UT (60% dip in UT for 5 cycles) 70% UT (30% dip in UT for 25 cycles) <5% UT (>95% dip in UT for 5 seconds)	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the use of the REHAB SERIES device requires continued operation during mains power interruptions, it is recommended to install a battery.
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field to IEC 61000-4-8	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Note: UT is the AC mains voltage prior to application of the test level.			

The main features of the REHAB SERIES devices are as follows: interference-free delivery of shockwaves, interference-free control of all functions. Uninterrupted operation is not required with the use intended.

Guidelines and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic interference immunity			
The REHAB SERIES device is intended for operation in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or user of the REHAB SERIES should ensure that it is used in such an environment.			
Interference immunity tests	IEC 60601-test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment-guidelines
<p>Conducted RF disturbance variables according to IEC 61000-4-6</p> <p>Radiated RF disturbance variables according to IEC 61000-4-3</p>	<p>3 Veffective value 150 kHz to 80MHz</p> <p>3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.5GHz</p>	<p>3 Veffective value 150 kHz to 80 MHz</p> <p>3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz</p>	<p>Portable and mobile radio should not be used any closer to the REHAB SERIES devices, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the transmission frequency.</p> <p>Recommended separation distance: $d = 1.2 \sqrt{P}$ $d = 0.35 \sqrt{P}$ for 80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = 0,7 \sqrt{P}$ for 800 MHz to 2.5 GHz Where P is the rated power of the transmitter in Watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in meters (m).</p> <p>According to an investigation in situa, the field strength of stationary radio transmitters should be less than the compliance level at all frequencies.</p> <p>Interference may occur in the vicinity of REHAB SERIES devices which is marked with the following symbol:</p> 

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz the higher frequency range is applicable.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not be applicable in all cases. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

Theoretically, it is not possible to exactly predict the field strengths of fixed transmitters such as base stations for radio telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio stations, AM and FM radio and TV broadcasting. To determine the electromagnetic environment in relation to the fixed transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location where the REHAB SERIES device is to be used exceeds the above compliance levels, the REHAB SERIES device should be monitored in order to ensure that it is functioning as intended. If unusual features are noticed, additional measures may be necessary such as re-orienting or relocating the REHAB SERIES device.

Above the frequency range from 150 kHz to 80 MHz the field strength should be less than 3 V/m.

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF telecommunications 4- series and the REHAB SERIES device

The REHAB SERIES device is intended for operation in an electromagnetic environment where RF disturbances are monitored. The customer or user of the REHAB SERIES device can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF telecommunications 4- series (transmitters) and the REHAB SERIES device – according to the output power of the communications device, as indicated below.

Rated output of transmitter W	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter m		
	150 kHz to 80 MHz $d = 1.2 \sqrt{P}$	80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = 0.35 \sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz $d = 0.7 \sqrt{P}$
0.01	0.12	0.035	0.07
0.1	0.38	0.11	0.22
1	1.2	0.35	0.70
10	3.8	1.1	2.2
100	12	3.5	7

For transmitters rated at a maximum output which is not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be determined using the equation applicable to the respective column, whereby P is the maximum rated output of the transmitter in Watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz the higher frequency range is applicable.

11. Ordering information

Model numbers:

11.1 CT2200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1053283	CT2200 mainframe	1
1183323	Patient Interrupt Switch	1
7160132830	Mains Power cable	1
1811361	5cm ² ultrasound applicator	1
2240000006	Ultrasound Transmission Gel	1
7100100001	Rubber electrodes(60x90mm)	2
7100100000	Rubber electrodes(70x110mm)	2
9051650011	Electrode Sponges(70x100mm)	2
9051650010	Electrode Sponges(80x120mm)	2
7100000081	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x50mm)	4
7100000152	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x100mm)	4
7200300010	Fixation strap(75x1200mm)	1
7200300050	Fixation strap(75x600mm)	1
7101000016	Stim Lead Wires	2
2003321	Holder for ultrasound applicator	1
9011032830	User manual	1

Optional Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1811373	1cm ² ultrasound applicator	1

11.2 MT2200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1093294	MT2200 mainframe	1
1183323	Patient Interrupt Switch	1
7160132830	Mains Power cable	1
7100100001	Rubber electrodes(60x90mm)	2
7100100000	Rubber electrodes(70x110mm)	2
9051650011	Electrode Sponges(70x100mm)	2
9051650010	Electrode Sponges(80x120mm)	2
7100000081	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x50mm)	4
7100000152	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x100mm)	4
7200300010	Fixation strap(75x1200mm)	1
7200300050	Fixation strap(75x600mm)	1
7101000016	Stim Lead Wires	2
9011032830	User manual	1

11.3 UT2200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1043305	UT2200 mainframe	1
7160132830	Mains Power cable	1
1811361	5cm2 ultrasound applicator	1
2240000006	Ultrasound Transmission Gel	1
1811373	1cm2 ultrasound applicator	1
2003321	Holder for ultrasound applicator	2
9011032830	User manual	1

11.4 MTM200

Standard Accessories

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1223317	MTM200 mainframe	1
1183323	Patient Interrupt Switch	1
7100100001	Rubber electrodes(60x90mm)	2
7100100000	Rubber electrodes(70x110mm)	2
9051650011	Electrode Sponges(70x100mm)	2
9051650010	Electrode Sponges(80x120mm)	2
7100000081	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x50mm)	4
7100000152	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x100mm)	4
7200300010	Fixation strap(75x1200mm)	1
7200300050	Fixation strap(75x600mm)	1
7101000016	Stim Lead Wires	2

11.5 BTM200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1223315	BTM200 mainframe	1

11.6 VAM200

Standard Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1223314	VAM200 mainframe	1
7900033220	Vacuum Electrode Cups Ø 60mm	4
7120033290	Vacuum Sponges Ø 60mm	4
7130033300	Vacuum Lead Hose (Red)	2
7130033310	Vacuum Lead Hose (Black)	2

11.7 EMG200

Standard Accessories

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1223316	EMG200 mainframe	1
710000081	Self-adhesive Electrodes(50x50mm)	8
10260041	Intravaginal Probe(26.5mm)	1
710100016	Stim Lead Wires	2
710100017	EMG Leadwire	1

Optional Accessories:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
11811670	Intravaginal Probe(29.5mm)	1
10660042	Anal Probe	1

11.8 Cart:

Serial No.	Name	Quantity
1243319	Therapy System Cart	1

10. Specifications

10.1 Ultrasound parameters

Frequency.....	1 MHZ, ±10%;3 MHZ, ±10%
Duty Cycles.....	10%-100%,Continues,stepping 10%
Pulse duration.....	1 – 9 ms ± 10 % (set by duty cycle)
PulseFrequency.....	16, 48, 100Hz

Output Power

Duty factor ≥80% for 5cm ²	0.5W-10.0W
Duty factor ≤70% for 5cm ²	0.5W-15.0W
Duty factor ≥80% for 1 cm ²	0.1W-2.0W
Duty factor ≤70% for 1 cm ²	0.1W-2.0W
Output accuracy.....	± 20% (for any level above 10% of maximum)

Peak out Amplitude Duty

Duty factor ≥80%.....	2.0W/cm ²
Duty factor ≤70%.....	3.0W/cm ²
Treatment timer.....	0 - 30 min ± 0.1 min

5 cm² Applicator

ERA (Effective Radiation Area)	5cm ²
Beam type:	
1 MHz.....	Collimating
3 MHz.....	Collimating
BNR (Beam Non-uniformity Ratio).....	5:1 maximum

1 cm² Applicator

ERA (Effective Radiation Area).....	1 cm ²
Beam type:	
1 MHz.....	1 cm ²
3 MHz.....	1 cm ²
BNR (Beam Non-uniformity Ratio).....	5:1 maximum